The North Carolinian.

VOLUME III. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., THURSDAY, AUGUST 31, 1871. NUMBER 10.

NORTH CAROLINIAN

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY,

BY PALEMON JOHN.

Office on Northeast corner of Main and Road Sts.

TERMS:—Two Dollars a year, in advance. If not paid in advance $2,50 will be charged.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

	1w.	2w.	4w.	2m.	3m.	6m.	1yr.
1 inch	$1 00	$1 50	$2 50	$4 00	$5 00	$8 00	$12 00
2 inches	2 00	3 00	4 00	6 00	8 00	12 00	20 00
3 inches	2 50	4 00	5 00	8 00	12 00	18 00	25 00
4 inches	3 50	5 00	7 00	10 00	13 00	19 50	30 00
1 column	5 00	7 00	9 00	11 00	15 00	20 00	35 00
2 columns	8 00	12 00	15 00	20 00	25 00	35 00	60 00
3 columns	12 00	16 00	20 00	27 00	35 00	50 00	100 00

BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL CARDS inserted in the Directory for two dollars a year for the first two lines. One dollar for each additional line.

Liberal deduction, by special contract, to large advertisers.

Court advertisements will be charged 25 per cent higher than the regular rates.

OBITUARY NOTICES, embracing more than the ordinary announcement of death, and obituary poetry, ten cents a line.

SPECIAL NOTICES at fifty per cent. in addition to regular rates.

BUSINESS NOTICES IN READING COLUMNS—Ten cents per line for first insertion, and six cents per line for every subsequent insertion. No Business Notices inserted for less than one dollar first insertion, and fifty cents each subsequent insertion.

NOTICES IN LOCAL COLUMN—Twenty cents per line.

No Paper or Advertisement discontinued until arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

For all advertisements displayed by cuts, ten per cent additional will be charged.

☞ Post Office Money Orders we consider perfectly safe, and the best means of remitting. Registered Letters, under the new system, are a very safe means of sending small sums of money where P. O. Money Orders cannot be easily obtained. We will not be responsible for money sent in any other way.

ELIZABETH CITY DIRECTORY.

PROFESSIONAL.

C. W. GRANDY, Jr., attorney at law, office on Main street, south side. v1n1-1y

C. L. COBB, attorney and counsellor at law, Main st. opposite "Carolinian" office. v1n1-1y

JAMES L. BALL, attorney and counsellor at law, office east side Road street, three doors from Main. v1n1-1y

DR. W. G. POOL, physician and surgeon, at his residence, south Main st. v1n1-1y

DR. L. K. SAUNDERS, physician and surgeon, Main street, opposite Baptist Church. v1n1-1y

DR. JOSEPH COMMANDER—office Road street, near Leather Hill; residence, Ehringhaus st. v1n1-1y

DR. R. K. SPEED, physician, office over Green & Fearing, corner Road and Ehringhaus sts. v1n1-1y

DR. C. H. MCINTOSH, physician, office Road street, formerly old Post Office. v1n1-1y

DR. L. CANDLEWS, Dentist, office in North Carolinian building. v1n51-1y.

MILLINERY.

MRS. SARAH LABOYTEAUX, milliner, southwest corner Road and Main sts. v1n1-1y

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &c.

FRANK M. COOK, watches, clocks, &c., Road st., east side, near Main. v1n1-1y

L. WINNER, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry &c., over Dr. Roth's Drug Store, Road street.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

J. Q. ETHERIDGE & Bro, drugs, chemicals, paints, oils, &c., northeast corner Road and Fearing sts. v1n1-1y

DR. JAMES NEETT, drugs, chemicals, paints, oils &c., South West corner Church and Road sts. 4-1y

DR. GEO. MELIN & CO, drugs, paints, oils, &c., South East corner of Main and Road Sts. 4-1y

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

L. COHN, dry goods, clothing, millinery goods, boots, shoes, hats, &c., Road st., east side. v1n2-1y

LAND AND LUMBER CO. OF N. C., dealers in real estate, lumber, shingles and general merchandize, Water street, south of Main. v1n1-1y

GREEN & FEARING, dry goods, groceries, boots, shoes, &c., corner Road and Ehringhaus sts. v1n1-1y

S. WEISEL, Indies' dress goods, clothing, hats, boots and shoes, corner Main and Water sts. v1n1-1y

C. GREEN, hardware and general assortment of goods, northeast corner Road and Church sts. v1n1-1y

D. B. BRADFORD, wholesale and retail grocer, No. 10 Road street. v1n1-1y

W. BROWN, Groceries, Liquors &c., also, Bowling Alley, Main St. near the Market. 4-1y

W. M. STEGER, baker, confectionery, groceries, &c., Road st., opposite Col. Martin's office. v1n1-1y

SURVEYING.

W. H. Weatherly, Topographical Drawing and Surveying in all its branches.

HOTELS.

PENNSYLVANIA HOUSE, Jos. G. Russell, proprietor. Boarding and lodging. Main st., west of Road. 1y2-1y

PENDLETON HOTEL, T. D. Pendleton, pro'r, Water st opposite Clark's Agricultural Warehouse. v1n1-1y

LIVERY STABLES.

A. L. JONES, livery stables, old stand, Main street. v1n1-1y

C. B. BROTHERS, Livery Stables, east side Road st., south of Church. v1n1-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

NORTH CAROLINA MANUFACTURING, LOAN AND TRUST CO'S BANKING HOUSE, one door east of the office of the "North Carolinian." v1n1-1y

GEO. M. SCOTT, life, fire and marine insurance agent, southeast corner Main and Elliott sts. v1n1-1y

JAMES L. SMITHSON practical house painter, Road st., near Main. v1n1-1y

GEO. W. BELL, gun and lock smith, Road street, two doors south of Main. v1n1-1y

W. H. CLARK, Agricultural Depot, dealer in agricultural implements, Water st. v1n1-1y

C. DAWSON'S Gallery of Art, over Butt's Drug Store, Road street. 5-1y.

I. O. O. F.—Achoree Lodge, I. O. O. F., meets at their Hall over Mr. J. Q. Etheridge's Drug Store, every Thursday evening—in Summer at 7½, and in Winter, at 6½.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

ELIZABETH CITY.

Charter election on the first Monday of January.—Meeting of the Board of Commissioners, afternoon of the first Monday of each month. Mayor—George W. Cobb. Commissioners—C. Guirkin, Emanuel Davis, W. G. Pool Wm. Underwood. Miles Commander. Treasurer—Geo. W. Bell. Attorney, C W Grandy, Jr. Clerk—Jos. Commander. Collector—J. H. Miskell. Constable—J. H. Miskell. Auctioneer—A L Jones.

POST OFFICE—W. A. Price, Postmaster.

CHURCHES.—First M E Church, Rev S. S. Lambeth Pastor.—Sunday services at 11 o'clock, a. m. and 7 p. m.—Sunday School at 9 o'clock, a. m.—Christ Church (Episcopal), Rev M. H. Vaughan Rector.—Sunday School at 9 a. m. services 10½ a. m. and 4½ p. m. Service in chapel for colored people at 8 p. m.—Baptist Church, Rev R. R. Overman.—Sunday services at 7½ o'clock, p. m., and on the fourth Sunday of each month at 11 o'clock, a. m. Sunday school at 9 a. m.; Prayer Meeting on Sunday mornings (except fourth Sunday), after school.—Zion A M E Church, Rev W H Pitts, Pastor.—Sunday services at 11 o'clock, a. m., and at 3 and 8 p. m. Sunday School at 9 a. m. Friends Meeting every Sabbath at 3 o'clock, P. M., at the house of Dr. Wm. Underwood.

LODGES.—Samaritan, No 1, K. of J.—Meets every Tuesday evening. O. C. Horton, W C.—Achoree, No 14, I O of O F.—Meets every Friday evening.——Brothers and Sisters of Love and Charity.—Meets alternate Tuesday nights.——Grand United Order of O. F.—Meets alternate Thursday nights.

PASQUOTANK COUNTY.

Sheriff, Jno L Wood; Clerk Superior Court, William E Vaughan; Treasurer, W G Pool; Coroner, B F Keaton; Register of Deeds, M B Culpepper; Surveyor, W H Weatherly; Standard Keeper, A L Jones; Commissioners, Geo D Pool, C W Hollowell, C W Grandy, Jr., Hugh Kale, Benjamin Johnston.—Representative, T A Sikes.

SUPERIOR COURT—Tenth Monday after the first Monday in March and October. County seat, Elizabeth City.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Composed of the Counties of Pasquotank, Perquimans, Camden, Currituck, Dare, Tyrrell, Hyde, Beaufort, Washington, Bertie, Hertford, Chowan, Martin, Gates, Northampton and Halifax.

Member of Congress, C L Cobb, Elizabeth City; Collector of Internal Revenue, Wm Barrow, Jackson; Assessor of Internal Revenue, Hiram E Stilley, Washington.

FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Is composed of the counties of Pasquotank (Court held on 10th Monday after the first Monday in March and October—County seat Elizabeth City,) Bertie, (Court held on 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Windsor,) Camden, (Court 12 Monday after first Monday in March and October) Chowan, (Court 6th Monday after 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Edenton,) Currituck, (Court 14 Monday after the first Monday in March and October—County seat Currituck C. H.,) Gates, (Court 4th Monday after the 1st in March and October—County seat Gatesville,) Hertford, Court,3rd Monday in March and October—County seat Winton,) Perquimans, (Court 5th Monday after 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Hertford,) and Dare, (Court in June and January—County seat Roanoke Island,) Judge Hon. CHARLES C. POOL. Elizabeth City; Solicitor, Hon J. W. ALBERTSON, Hertford.

UNITED STATES COURTS.

Judge Circuit and District Courts, George W Brooks, Elizabeth City; Clerk of Circuit Court, N J Riddick, Raleigh; U S Attorney, D H Starbuck, Salem; U S Marshal, S T Carrow, Washington. The Terms of the Circuit Court are as follows:—1st Monday in June, and last Monday in November, at Raleigh. The Terms of the District Court are as follows: Third Monday in April and October, at Eliz City; S T Bond, Clerk. Fourth Monday in April and October, at New Bern; Chas Hibbard, Clerk. First Monday after the fourth Monday in April and October, at Wilmington Wm Larkins, Clerk.

BUSINESS CARDS.

JOHN Q. ETHERIDGE & BRO.,

DEALERS IN PURE

DRUGS,

MEDICINES,

PAINTS

OILS,

GLASS,

VARNISHES

PERFUMERY,

AND FANCY ARTICLES.

All staples connected with a first class Drug Business will always be found on hand.

☞ Prescriptions accurately compounded.

32-1y. E. City, N. C. Jan., 20 70.

FRANK M. COOK, JEWELER,

ELIZABETH CITY, NORTH CAROLINA,

Keeps constantly on hand, and for sale, a large assortment of the

FINEST JEWELRY.

Gold and silver and patent lever, lepine, and other

WATCHES,

Fob, vest, and guard chains, chatelains, keys, seals, charms, gold and silver pencils, silver spoons, breastpins, earrings, bracelets, cuff pins, etc.

REPAIRING

of watches, clocks, musical boxes, accordeons, etc., done with promptness and despatch.

☞ Accordeons and Sewing Machines for sale, also repaired. 8-1y

NEW COACH MAKER SHOP.

TO THE PUBLIC.

To meet a great public demand, I have completed arrangements that will justify me in saying, I have no competition here in the Coach making business.

Work done better and cheaper than anywhere else in this section. Orders for new work of any class respectfully solicited. Repairing done promptly. Shop on Road street, near the Canal Bridge.

MILES COMMANDER.

E. City, July 6th, 1871.-tf.

SMITH, DIXON & CO.

COMMISSION PAPER WAREHOUSE,

338 CHARLES ST, BALTIMORE, MD.

Manufacturers of paper, machine made paper bags, and dealers in all descriptions of Paper, Card board, Twines and Ink. 32-1y

THE ELIZABETH CITY BAKERY & CONFECTIONERY STORE.

Fresh bread, cakes and pies always on hand Also a good variety of candies, fruits, nuts, figs, raisins, pickles, crackers, cheese, butter—in short everything in the bakery or confectionery line always on hand. Families supplied with bread cakes and pies on reasonable terms. Come and see. WILLIAM STEGER.

Road Street, Elizabeth City. 24-1y

HENRY B. COLEMAN.

Practical Painter and Grainer. Also practical Paper Hanger.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C. May 12, 1870. 1y.

PROFESSIONAL.

W. H. SMITH— —J. H. SHAW.

SMITH AND SHAW,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Will attend to all matters intrusted to us in the Superior, Supreme and Federal Courts of North Carolina. Collections promptly made. 35-tf.

JAMES M. MULLEN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

Practices in all the Courts of Halifax, Northampton, Bertie, Martin and Edgecombe Counties.

Business entrusted to him promptly attended to.

May 3, 1870.-1y.

WALTER CLARK

ATTORNEY AT LAW, SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

Practices in Courts of Halifax, Martin, Bertie, and Northampton Counties. Also, in Federal and Supreme Courts.

Collections made in any part of North Carolina. 2-1y.

C. W. GRANDY, JR.

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND GENERAL COLLECTOR,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Office North side of Main Street.

Jan. 13, 1870-1y.

PROFESSIONAL.—DR. JAS. N. BUTT, Can be found at all hours of the day, at his Drug Store. In consequence of ill health he is engaged almost exclusively in an Office Practice. Those wishing medical attention will find him at home at all hours and avoid the annoyance of hunting a Physician absent on professional duties in the country.

E. City Sept. 15, 1870.

MEDICAL NOTICE.

Being engaged in other business, I desire to restrict my Practice to cases of Consultation, and to a limited extent of special practice.

My charges will be—

For consultation with another Physician, $5 00
" each subsequent consultation, in same case..... 2 50
" examination and prescript'n, from $1 to 5 00
" visit in Eliz. City, and prescription, 1 50
" each subsequent visit, in same case, same day..... 50
" visit in Eliz. City, at night..... 5 00
" visit in country—the first mile..... 2 00
" each after mile, per mile..... 50
" visit one mile in country, at night, or in bad weather..... 6 00
" each after mile, at night, or in bad weather..... 1 00

Prompt settlement required.

W. G. POOL, M. D.

Elizabeth City, July 1, 1869-tf.

DENTISTRY.

The undersigned has opened an office in Elizabeth City, N. C., for the purpose of practicing Dentistry in all its branches.

☞ Office in the North Carolinian building second story, corner Main and Road streets.

I. T. ANDREWS.

May 26, 1870-tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!—Having received a large supply of *Susquehanna Ice* I am now prepared to furnish either in small or large quantities to suit parties at the "Elizabeth City Ice House."

On or about May 1st., I shall commence delivering Ice to any part of the City.

CHARLES MAGEE.

Elizabeth City, April 13th-3m.

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING.

The undersigned has resumed the business of House, Sign and Ornamental PAINTER, and respectfully tenders his services to the public in that line of business.

His reputation as a painter is well known in this, and the surrounding counties; and the promptness with which he has heretofore acted, and the faithfulness with which all work entrusted to him has always been done, he hopes will again insure him a liberal patronage.

THOMAS R. BLAND.

Elizabeth City, N. C., Sept. 30, 1869-1y.

W. H. CLARK'S

NORTH CAROLINA AGRICULTURAL DEPOT,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

MR. CLARK would announce to the public that he has again re-opened his large establishment at which the following Machinery is Manufactured, Horse Powers, different Sizes and Patterns, Corn Shellers for Hand or Horse Power, Wheat Threshers, different sizes, Corn and Wheat Fans.

PLOUGHS of Different Patterns and Sizes always on hand, also, Corn Planters, Straw Cutters, Horse Rakes, Scythes, Reap Hooks and all kinds of Agricultural Machinery repaired at Short Notice.

36—1y.

LIGHT FOR THE PEOPLE.

A NEW LIGHT HAS COME INTO THE WORLD.

The latest and most satisfactory improvement in Light is "SMITH'S PATENT GAS LAMPS." They are the cheapest and most brilliant yet discovered. They are now used extensively in many Northern towns and cities, and give universal satisfaction. They have been in successful use in this City for some time. They are warranted to satisfy. No chimneys, no shades, no wick, no cleaning, no unpleasant odor. The undersigned is Agent for North Carolina.

☞ A supply of lamps, oil, &c., always on hand.

CHARLES S. DAVIS, Agent.

Elizabeth City, N. C., March 23rd, 1871. 3m.

THE PENNSYLVANIA HOUSE

Corner Poindexter and 1st Shippegan Sts.,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

The subscriber having removed his Boarding House, is prepared to accommodate regular and transient boarders. Visitors from the North will find it the best stopping place in the city. Terms moderate.

JOSEPH G. RUSSELL.

July 1, 1869.

PLASTERING & BRICKLAYING.

The subscriber takes this method of informing those desiring BRICKLAYING or PLASTERING done in a good and workmanlike manner that he is prepared to respond to all calls in either line. He has had a large experience and would say that he can guarantee his work to give satisfaction. Residence opposite the Cemetery on Shepard Street.

EMANUEL DAVIS.

ELIZABETH CITY, Feb. 23, 1871-1y.

NEW MEAT MARKET.

The subscriber has opened a Meat Market on Road Street, two doors North of the Post office in Elizabeth City. A supply of Fresh Meats of all kinds constantly on hand. Market open at all hours day and evening.

☞ Delivery Wagon will visit all parts of the town every morning.

L. G. PARSONS.

Dec. 1,—1870-23-1y.

ANDES INSURANCE COMPANY,

CINCINNATI, O.

Cash Assets - - - - $1,200,000.

J. B. BENNETT, PRES'T J. H. BEATTIE SEC'Y.

BLACK & DASHIELL *Agents.*

Office S. W. Corner Main and Road Streets, Elizabeth City, N. C.

April 20, 1871-tf.

BANKING HOUSES.

NORTH CAROLINA MANUFACTURING, LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY.

Incorporated by the N. C. Legislature, with Liberal Banking Privileges.

Office: Elizabeth City, N. C.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

GEO. D. POOL, *Pres't.*; R. F. OVERMAN, *Cas'r.*;
DR. P. JOHN, Hon. JOHN POOL,
Hon. C. C. POOL, C. W. HOLLOWELL,
C. W. SMITH, WM. UNDERWOOD,

Deals in Exchange, Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, Government and other Securities, etc.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought and sold on reasonable terms.

July 15, 1869-1y.

GUIRKIN & CO.

BANKERS & BROKERS,

COBB'S BRICK BUILDING, ROAD ST.

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Do a general Banking business,

Buy and Sell, Gold and Silver, Domestic and Foreign Exchange,

Deal in State, County and Corporation Bonds and Stocks.

☞ *Interest allowed on Deposits.*

Also Agents for FIRST CLASS LIFE, FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Policies effected at lowest rates and in best Companies in the world. 28-tf.

LIVERY STABLES.

JONE'S LIVERY STABLES

At Elizabeth City, N. C.

I would announce to my friends and the public that I am still at the old place on Main street, a few doors west of Road, and keep horses, buggies, carriages, &c., for hire. Persons promptly accommodated at all times and on reasonable terms.

ARTHUR L. JONES.

Mar. 17, 1870.-38—1y.

LIVERY STABLES

AT ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

The subscriber takes this method of informing his old friends and the public generally that he is still at the "old stand" and continues to keep horses, buggies, carriages &c., for hire. Persons accommodated at all times and on reasonable terms. Remember the place—on Road Street near the canal bridge.

C. B. BROTHERS.

-1y

Poetry.

Where did you Come from Baby Dear?

BY GEORGE MACDONALD.

Where did you come from, baby dear?
Out of the everywhere into here.

Where did you get eyes so blue?
Out of the sky as I came through.

What makes the light in them sparkle and spin?
Some of the starry spikes left in.

Where did you get that little tear?
I found it waiting when I got here.

What makes your forehead so smooth and high?
A soft hand stroked it as I went by.

What makes your cheek like a warm white rose?
I saw something better than anyone knows.

Whence that three-cornered smile of bliss?
Three angels gave me at once a kiss.

Where did you get this pretty ear?
God spoke, and it came out to hear.

Where did you get those arms and hands?
Love made itself into hooks and bands.

Feet, whence did you come, you darling things?
From the same box as the cherubs' wings.

How did they all come just to be you?
God thought of me, and so I grew.

But how did you come to us, you dear?
God thought about you, and so I am here.

Selected Story.

[For the North Carolinian.]

From the Brief of an Attorney.

BY REGINALD.

It is with a vividness of recollection never to be effaced that at this day, though nearly twenty years have passed since the incident to which I refer, (the most painful in my protracted experience of an attorney) transpired that I recall the details of a tragic scene in which both from duty and inclination I have a part. I had entered upon the practice of law under the most flattering auspices in the Eldorada of the Far west, the new State of California, and after a few years of unremitting labor in laying carefully the groundwork of my professional career I had succeeded to an extensive and lucrative practice for which I was rather indebted to fortune than to the influence of my antecedents. I remember that it was during a heated term of our circuit court conducted after the primitive form of a primitive and nomadic people that the duties of prosecuting attorney were superadded to the habitual labors of my attorney ship. Prior to the sitting of our court a proclamation of outlawry had been issued against a far famed bandit—the pictures of whose enormities would have shocked the most habitual reader of the Spanish romances. Frequently seen in desguises the fact of recognition in the event of capture must have been extremely doubtful and in consequence of the arrest of the supposed felon and the dispersion of his adherents the country subsided into its accustomed quiet. The prisoner was brought to the bar—the indictment burdened with counts of every individual instance and act of murder was read to him. In defiance to the wishes of an already prejudged felon, witnesses from an adjacent county were subpoenaead to prove if possible an *alibi* in his favor.

For the State there were scores who, ready to take a share in the condemnation of the outlaw could have been suborned to testify circumstantially to every allegation charged against him in the indictment.

For weeks prior to the assembling of court, my whole intellectual being had been absorbed in legal investigations and in an exhaustive study of our authorties on criminal law to find if possible from the analogies of cases, a parallel for these crimes and criminals, for I had resolved if the most thorough inquiring into the merits of his crimes could convict and hang it should not be wanting. Never before or since, during the delivery of my argument for the prosecution was there ever manifested in so remarkable a degree so studied an effortto the alarming issues then and there pending. I watched narrowly the effect of my argument upon the Jury and with confidence prejudged the character of the verdict.

The defence was ably conducted and with an energy I then thonght worthy a better cause by a young man of thirty who had till then made no demonstration of genius or forensic ability. His address to the Jury was mainly supplicatory, clothed in a decorous—florid and impassioned delivery that would have softened the heart of adamant. The Jury retired under the charge of the Judge and in a few moments, while for the first time there rested upon the handsome features of the prisoner a deathly pallor—returned with a verdict of guilty—an ignominious doom—the death of a felon—his unannealed soul ushered before the Grand Assize.

On the following morning I was summoned into his presence. As I approached he began "My lease of life is a short one said he, and you are answerable before the bar of God for the death of an unoffending man. God will avenge my murder. He is the dispenser of Justice. When the mould shall rest upon my memory as well as upon my unhallowed grave, perhaps then will be exhibited before you evidences of my innocence that will bring the blush of anguish and remorse to your cheek."

I was unnerved by the force of the language of the prisoner which as by the power of prophecy touched my very soul and with voice moderated by feeling, I replied "that the law though seemingly unrelenting must execute its penalty upon those who violate it. That it was for the prevention not the punishment of crime that the scaffold was erected—that it was not in our power to grant him a reprieve or to afford him hope, that his only comfort was the assurance that God had forgiven his (to men) unpardoned crimes." "Bear me witness, said he, that I die without malice towards any man. If by a vicarious punishment I expiate the crimes of an outlaw still at large within your borders I am ready to die. I have but one favor to ask of those who will be charged with my execution and of you a commission that you will not refuse me. It is my last wish that when my body shall be carried for a sepulture under the shadow of the scaffold that an humble tablet of stone shall be erected about it with the followin ginscription: "Died under the hands of the executioner, J. S. a Minister of God in the hope of a resorrection, aged 32." Then kneeling by his humble cot with hands outstretched imploringly to Heaven he offered up to the Throne of Grace a prayer burdened with fervid eloquence and the refrain of that prayer "Father forgive them they know not what they do," is sounding in my ears at this day.

Upon my return home I took from my pocket the paper which he gave me with the following lines penned thereon: "To my Dear wife in H. Co. State of Ark. Through the inscrutable providence of God the innocent often suffer for the crimes of the guilty. In taking upon ourselves the work of the ministry of Christ we are taught to crucify the flesh even as our Lord and Saviour was crucified.

Grieve not that I am an adjudged felon condemned to die for the crimes of one into whose hands I was delivered up to be slain. I die protesting my innocence."

A few months after his execution a parolishe shaft marked his unhonored grave, and in less than six months the noted bandit was again upon his mission of murder and rapine.

WINTON, N. C.

Rejected Communications.

The newspaper press of England, after some days of painful suspense, draws a long breath of relief. A London solicitor brought an action against *The Echoe* to recover damages for the destruction of a letter on "Legal Reformation" which he had sent to that journal, but which the editor did not accept. The Court held that an author had a right to demand the return of his rejected MSS. if they were in existence when he replied for them; but an editor was under no obligation to preserve rejected communications and if he destroyed them as soon as they were ready he could not be held for their value. This is common sense. The examination of volunteered manuscripts is one of the severest duties of an editor's existence. If to this were added the duty of keeping such manuscripts till called for, every great newspaper would be obliged at once to enlarge its premises and to increase its force. A great majority of all people who know how to read and write—besides many who certainly do not know how to write—are possessed at some period of their lives with a morbid impulse to contribute to the newspapers. They are persuaded that any man can write a leader if he chooses, and that the faculty of saying what the people want to hear in a style suited both to the subject and the audience comes by nature to all graduates of a district school. It is an amiable hallucination which repeated failures and rebuffs are rarely able to dispel. We remember the case of an anonymous correspondent who must have sent us in the course of two years at least fifty articles, intended for the editorial page, and on occasions of public excitement used sometimes to send two in a single day. Not a line of his copy ever got into print, but he persevered, and no doubt he is pestering some newspapers now. The young persons who believe they have a mission to write verses, the women who want to support themselves by selling "compositions" to the newspapers, and the scores of people with bees in their bonnets who visit editors' offices with ponderous essays on incomprehensible subjects, are still more serious afflictions than the mere amateur publicists. Now, more than ninety per cent of the articles offered for acceptance at a newspaper office come from these different classes of people. They write for their own benefit, not for the editor's. Their contributions are not wanted; on the contrary, they are a great nuisance. We cannot see upon what ground an editor is expected to expend time and trouble taking care of rubbish that is left on his premises against his wishes.

Of course there are sensible and valuable correspondents, and it is for the sake of the ten wise men that journalists are content to bear with the ninety fools, and to be at the pains sometimes of saying and restoring a great deal of manuscript which, on one account or another, they do not care to use. But it is well to have it understood that this is done as a matter of courtesy, and not as a duty, and that in the great majority of cases it cannot be done at all. This will perhaps seem hard to writers who have a high opinion of the importance of their productions; but their remedy is very simple; let them buy a copying-press.

A Lawyer's Knowledge.

All good lawyers know the value in the practice of their profession of general knowledge or information to be obtained by practical intercourse with the world and studies outside of the law library. In a book just published by the daughter of an English advocate, Mr. John Adolphus, the following is told, which will illustrate the value of the kind of knowledge referred to. The writer says:

"A very extraordinary criminal case was entirely decided by the knowledge my father had picked up of nautical affairs in his early voyages to and from the West Indies. Two Lascars were on their trial for the murder of the captain of the ship; the evidence of the mate seemed quite conclusive. In the course of it he said, however, that at the time of the murder there was great confusion, as the ship was in much peril, and requiring all the attention of the sailors to prevent her striking on a rock. My father, who defended the prisoners, asked so many questions as to the exact number of the crew, and where each man was, and what he was engaged in during this perilous time that at last the Judge whispered, 'I suppose, Mr. Adolphus, those questions are to the purpose? I own I do not see it,' thinking, doubtless, the time of the Court was being wasted. After a few more questions as to the special duty each man was performing, the witness had accounted for every man on board, the captain being below and the two prisoners murdering him. My father fixed his eyes steadily on the witness, and said, in a searching and loud voice, 'Then who was to the helm?' The wretched mate dropped down in a fit, and soon after confessed he was himself the murderer. In his false evidence he had given to each man his position, and forgotten the most material, or rather left none to fill it."

The following is a correct list of the money order offices in North Carolina: Asheville, Chapel Hill, Charlotte, Edenton, Elizabeth City, Enfield, Fayetteville, Goldsboro, Greensboro', High Point, Hillsboro, Kenansville, Kinston, Lincolnton, Concord, Louisburg, Morganton, Newberne, Pittsboro', Plymouth, Raleigh, Rocky Mount, Rutherfordton, Salem, Salisbury, Statesville, Tarboro', Trinity College, Warrenton, Washington, Weldon, Williamston, Wilmington, Winston.

A Woman's Defence of Dress.

For myself, I should be thankful to return to the habits of our grandmothers—buy a bonnet which would do to wear ten years; have three dresses, two for every day and one for "nice," and wear them year after year till they wear out, without alteration; also twist up my hair in a plain wad at the back of my head. I should then have more time for reading and study, and more money to spend in books, pictures, and traveling, to say nothing of the unlimited time and money for doing good. And I know of very many women who would be only too happy to throw aside the wearisome shackless of fashion.

But what would be the result? With the maiden, no more beaux; with the wife a cessation of devotion on the part of her husband—results too direful to be contemplated for a moment, I speak what I know and testify what I have seen. I have myself been to parties sensibly and economically clad, and I was depised and rejected of men; again I have been more fashionably and expensively dressed, and I had more beaux than I knew what to do with.

By the way, why don't some of the wise and sensible bachelors court and marry among the vast army of working girls? They are dressed simply, and are accustomed to habits of economy. They would be glad enough of good homes, and would make excellent wives. They are personally attractive, and I doubt not, are quite as refined and intelligent as the average of fashionable women. Why is there not a greater demand for them as wives, and why are not the Flora McFlimseys a drug in the market?

Let the facts speak for themselves. Be not deceived, O, my brethern! With you lies the fault; from you must come the remedy—refuse to pay court to silks, panniers, frills and chignons, and we should go over to calico in battalions.—*Evening Post.*

An Old Story Worth Repeating

An old story contains a lesson which many married couples have not yet learned. When Jonathan Trumbull was Governor of Connecticut a gentleman called at his house one day requesting a private interview. He said: "I have called on a very unpleasant errand, Sir, and want your advice. My wife and I do not live happily together, and I am thinking of getting a divorce. What do you advise, Sir?"

The Governor sat a few moments in thought; then turning to his visitor, said, "How did you treat Mrs. W——when you were courting her? and how did you feel toward her at the time of your marriage?"

Squire W——replied, "I treated her as kindly as I could, for I loved her dearly at that time."

"Well, Sir," said the Governor, "go home and court her just as you did then, and love her as when you married her. Do this in the fear of God for one year, and then tell me the result."

The Governor then said, "Let us pray."

They bowed in prayer and separated. When a year had passed away Squire W——called again to see the Governor and said: "I have called to thank you for the good advice you gave me, and to tell you that my wife and I are as happy as when first we were married. I cannot be grateful enough for your good counsel."

"I am glad to hear it, Mr. W——," said the Governor, "and I hope you will continue to court your wife as long as you live."

A Remarkable Manuscript.

Among the manuscripts which were probably burned in the recent conflagration of the archiepiscopal palace at Bourges, France, the most remarkable was, without doubt, the order for the execution of Jesus Christ, which was the personal property of the family De la Tour d'Auvergne. The order runs thus: Jesus of Nazareth, of the Jewish tribe of Juda, convicted of imposture and rebellion against the divine authority of Tiberious Augustus, Emperor of the Romans, having for this sacrilege been condemned to die on the cross by sentence of the judge, Ponitus Pilate, on the prosecution of our lord, Herod, lieutenant of the Emperor in Judea, shall be taken tomorrow morning, the 23d day of the ides of March, to the usual place of punisment, under the escort of a company of the pretorian guard The so called King of the Jews shall be taken out by the Struncan gate. All the public officers and the subjects of the Emperor are directed to lend their aid to the execution of this sentence.

(Signed) CAPEL.

Jerusalem, 22nd day of the ides of March, year of Rome, 783.

Weather Rhymes.

The old settlers of New England preserved some of the old English rhymes and prophecies of coming weather. Some of them are so often true as to be now considered almost infallible.

When the glow-worm lights her lamp,
Then the air is always damp.

If the cock goes crowing to bed,
He's sure to rise with a wet head.

When black snails do cross your path,
Then black clouds much moisture hath.

When the peacock loudly bawls,
Soon we'll have both rain and squalls.

When ye see the gossamer flying
Then be sure the air is drying.

A rosy sunset presages good weather; a ruddy sunrise bad weather.

A bright yellow sky in the evening indicates wind; a pale yellow sky in the evening indicates wet.

A neutral gray color at evening is a favorable sign; in the morning, an unfavorable one.

The clouds, if soft and feathery, betoken fine weather.

Deep, unusual hues in the sky indicate wind or storm. More delicate tints bespeak fair weather.

A rainbow in the morning
Gives the shepherd a warning

That is, if the wind be easterly; because it shows that the rain-cloud is approaching the observer.

If at sunrising or setting the clouds appear of a lurid red color, extending nearly to the zenith, it is a sure sign of storms and gales of wind.

A Cockney tourist met with a Scotch lassie going barefoot toward Glasgow. "Lassie," said he, "I should like to know if all the people in this part go barefooted?" "Part of 'em do, and the rest of 'em mind their own business," was the rather cutting reply.

Personal Worth.

In our country, how often the millionaire of to-day is the beggar of to-morrow, how frequently she who, last year, sewed for a living, this year rides in her own carriage behind liveried servants. We listen calmly to the tale of such reverses, and with the trite remark, feelingly uttered may be, that "Truth is stranger than fiction," dismiss the story and turn to our books or our work. But how is it with the interior consciousness of the young lady, the young gentleman who, bred to a life of luxury and ease, must take on the unwonted toil of daily labor to earn daily bread; must meet friends of former days when they sat high on Fortune's wheel, and he passed unnoticed by, or receive what is intinitely worse a patronizing through civil recognition?" How shall the idol of fortune sustain his self-respect when, with poor Francis First of France, he is obliged to say, "All is lost save honor?" Happy for such an one if he can in his heart indorse the poet Burns and repeat,

"The rank is but the guinea's stamp,
A man's a man for a that;"

or, with Horatio, "take fortune's buffets and rewards equal thanks," or sing with Enid,

"Turn Fortune, turn thy wheel with smile or frown;
With that wild wheel we go not up or down.
Thy wheel and thee we neither love nor hate."

There is no surer way of mastering the prickly burr of reverses than with nerve closing one's fingers boldly around it. The surest way of extracting its icy bitterness is to face adversity with steadfast eye, and calmly brace one's self against the worst that fortune can do, shouting to the temptest.

"Blow, winds, and crack your cheeks! rage! blow!"

It is hard when one has known the comforts of refined leisure to come down to the rough realities of daily toil, when one has loved to linger over fine pictures and dwell in an atmosphere of repose, to feel that bare walls and rugged fare are thenceforth to be his portion, and his path must lie in the dust and struggle of life's common thoroughfare. But graceful submission often wins greater advantages from a conquering foe than can be gained by stubborn yet useless rebellion. Loss of money is not necessarily loss of honor, nor loss of self-respect or the respect of others. Wealth is only a frame to the picture—remove the frame, and if the picture is fine the true artist will stop to linger over its exquisite touches, its intrinsic beauties, its harmony of coloring.

A few years since we knew a young lady who was heiress to an estate of nearly a million. She was fully alive to all the enjoyments and advantages her wealth secured. To-day she is penniless. But her heart is brave and strong. Every day she walks to her school through streets over whose pavements she then fleshed in her carriage; she reviews pages in arithmetic, in grammar, in astronomy, that she studied then merely in order to shine in the recitation room, but now that she may the better by teaching them earn her daily bred. Is she less respected by those whose esteem is worth having, now that she has become a painstaking, diligent worker in the human bee-hive, than when she fluttered with gilded wings a drone? "I don't know what I ever lived for before we lost our property," said a lady not long ago. "Time was of no value; I sang a little, played on the piano, dressed, rode, read works of fiction; but now time is precious, for I must coin every hour into what will buy bread and meat and muslin for my children, and I feel what I never felt then that my life is worth something.

On the other hand, how shall she carry herself who, from the walks of poverty, has been removed to halls of wealth and resorts of fashion? Can a silk bodice make the heart beneath it gentle refined, amiable? Does the satin hat with real lace and fine French flowers actually put brains into the head on which it rests? "Fine feathers make fine birds" it may be; but does fine dress make the fine lady? Is it not true that an estimate of a character is based not upon fictitious circumstances, but upon genuine worth of that character? "All we have," says Emerson, "must be paid for. No lady, whether she d

NORTH CAROLINIAN.

EQUAL RIGHTS FOR ALL MEN.

PALEMON JOHN. : : : : : : Editor.

Elizabeth City, N. C., Aug., 31, 1871.

For terms and advertising rates, see first page.
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INQUISITIVENESS IN CHILDREN.

An old and valued friend of ours—an associate and companion of bye gone years—writes us for advice on a subject of interest to himself as it should be to every right thinking parent. He has an only child—an interesting little boy of ten years. He is sending him to school and the Teacher complains that he is *too inquisitive*. Our friend writes us somewhat in detail, and desires our advice. As it opens up a subject of interest to us we here publish the substance of our reply, as it may possibly interest some of our readers.

To be an inquisitive boy is only to be a natural boy. To ask questions is to obey the very voice of God as impressed upon every atom of the lad's brain. To wish to search into, is the result of Heaven's divinity waking up an answering echo in our own earth developed divinity. A desire to know has its root in Omnipotence, and extends its branches to all. Hence Youth is all aglow with inquisitive tendencies and intense affinities for knowledge. In spite of legions of teachers, each armed with a legal amount of scowls and freezing pedagogical airs, in spite of rebuffs innumerable and cutting inuendoes about stupidity for harrassing others about what he ought to know himself, the boy keeps on questioning simply because the voice of his Creator is stronger than that of his teacher.

Inquisitiveness in the child is right. It should be encouraged instead of repressed by the teacher. It may need pruning and trimming, but it is a tree whose fruit is excellent when brought to perfection. It needs patience we know, for they ask very simple and unlearned questions. They have not the capacity to ask collegiate questions, though they have sometimes been known to puzzle collegiates. They love to know and to understand as well as the school man, although their investigations are among the simplest and commonest elementary things of the world about us. A question answered about the rocking of a hobby horse is the source of as much satisfaction to the lad as the solution of the problem of light is to the academician. A fact attained about the doing of birds and bees is as productive of as much pleasure to the young heart as the evolution of the three grand Laws of the Solar System bore to the heart of the aged Kepler.

We hold that the inquiries of the child about the commonest things should be regarded by teachers especially, as a Humboldt spirit stretching out into the vast unknown realm of Nature. These questions spring from the same source as the daring and almost presumptious interrogatories of NEWTON which he addressed to the starry depths above us. They spring from the same spirit that has led LIVINGSTONE to fight with malaria in the winds, fearful animals in the forest and venomous reptiles in the waters of Africa, that he may open it up to light and civilization. Aye, it is the same spirit that has in innumerable instances driven the ear of philosophical investigation to the very boundaries of the inscrutable mysteries of the Most High.

Hence we say blessings on the inquisitive boy! Blessings on the man who kindly answers him! He has blest a world of emotions and intelligence: he has thrilled with sweetest pleasure every fibre of a soul in love with knowledge: he has kindled a fire on the altar of a young heart which shall be more enduring than the "sacred fires" of the Persians. Aye, blessings on the boy, and higher blessings still on the teacher that appreciates and responds to the inquiring young mind under his charge!

A WORD IN TIME.

The NORTH CAROLINIAN has always advocated good nominations. Our counsel has been: Select men who are competent, who are reliable, and who will give character to the ticket. A year ago our advice was not heeded. Through unwise local nominations we lost the State. This year there was a decided improvement. The State has been redeemed. We have it in our power to hold what we have gained. Nothing short of unwise and foolish nominations next year can defeat us.

Now we give notice in time that the NORTH CAROLINIAN will support no man for any office who is known to be incompetent or corrupt. Although a party man, because parties are the machinery by which issues involving the opposing principles and policy of government are decided at the ballot box, nevertheless we *cannot*, we *will not* lend aid or countenance to what must eventually damn any party. Our nominees—for they are made our standard bearers—must be men who will neither disgrace nor deceive us.

There are thousands of honest and intelligent white men in North Carolina who have been voting with the Democracy who are getting sick and tired of their company. They have seen enough to satisfy them that it is false, that it is dishonest, aye, and that its leaders have known *much more* of the assassinations and murders by the Ku Klux Klan than they have dared to make public. All these things are abhorrent to men whose instincts are humane and honest and pure. They will no longer co-operate or vote with the Democracy. They are ready to join us, and will do so if we do not drive them off by foolish management and bad nominations. Our Party Managers must not be allowed to do this. In the next and future canvasses *good men* must be selected to fill every position of honor or trust.

MAJ. HEARNE ON THE KU KLUX DEMOCRACY

We see a letter in a late number of the Wilmington *Journal*, a leading Democratic paper from Major W. A. HEARNE, from which we make the following extract. It speaks for itself Is the "Whig Statesman" referred to Ex-Gov. GRAHAM, and is JOSIAH TURNER the "Whig Editor" meant?

"It cannot be longer disguised or denied that the Ku Klux is a bloody reality, and that it is a murderous, scourging, burning, desolating organization, in the political interests of the Conservative party. Its leaders, leaders of the Conservative party, have so avowed and acknowledged, and as the Whigs, so-called Conservative, have taken unto themselves the political management and manipulation of the State, let them now assume the KuKlux responsibility. A leading Whig statesman has excused it as a species of "wild justice incidental to a disordered state of things," while a leading Whig Editor has for more than two years, almost daily palliated this species of crime, of which he is a promoter and abettor and has steadily apologized for these Ku Klux criminals and outlaws, of whose band he is a member, and among whose Klans he is an authority.

Originally a member of this organization, myself, I know what I say, when I write about the Ku Klux, and their connections.

"It is, then, for the Democratic party of the South to purge itself of the Ku Klux crime and outrage, and there is but one way to do so, and that is to throw the responsibility upon the Conservative organization, and let Democrats everywhere, sever their connection with the Conservative party, a name which, through the political significance that has been given it stinks in the nostrils of every decent man of the country.

You will bear me witness that I have, as a Democrat, persistently fought this Conservative faction for more than four years; and from it I have predicted all manner of permanent ills to the country. I have charged that it was the result of an attempt to undermine the Democratic party, and finally compass its ruin, and if the Democracy is not successful in the presidential campaign next year, we have the Conservrtive party and its Ku Klux organizations to thank for such failure.

But for any further neglect or failure to organize the Democratic party on the plain outspoken principles, and in the true name of the old simon-pure-unterified-Democracy, the Democrats of North Carolina have only to blame themselves here after.

THE OFFICIAL VOTE.

At last we have the official vote in full, which we give in our table in another column. It will be seen that the majority against Convention is 9,246. The total vote is 181,259. By comparing the vote with that of last year it will be seen that the Democratic vote *falls short* of SHIPP'S vote 1,641, while the Republican vote is an *increase* of 12,825 on that of PHILLIPS.

The *Era* says:

It will be observed that the vote against Convention is 1,466 *less* than the vote given for President Grant in November, 1868 is—117,640 whites, and 78,928 black. Total—196,568. The vote total for and against Convention *falls short* of the registered 15,309. We presume we might add five thousand more to the registered vote of 1868. That would make 20,309 votes not cast in the recent election.

NO WONDER.

Is it any wonder that the Republican Party continues to hold the confidence of the American people? Instead of being under the control of a central and powerful "ring" like the New York Tammany organization, it acknowledges only the law of Right and the WILL OF THE PEOPLE as its controlling power. It is the party of Progress and of American Ideas. It has protected Home Industry. It has encouraged the liberal enterprizes which give thrift and prosperity to the country. It has reduced the public debt and lightened taxation. Is it any wonder the people have faith and confidence?

Never were so many Post Offices in operation in the United States as at this time. The books of the Post Office Department show that on the 30th of last June there were 30,045 offices. The greatest number previous to Gen. GRANT'S Administration was in 1859, when there were nearly 28,539. In 1863 there were nearly 29,000, but this number included those in the rebellious States, which were suspended on account of being within the Rebel lines.

The vote in the State shows that even had "Convention" carried the Republicans would have controlled it. A fair count would have given us *five* majority in the delegates. But the Commissioners of Madison threw out enough votes to elect the Democratic Candidate; and in Moore the poll-holders at one precinct made their returns in figures instead of writing, putting down a figure *nine* instead of *six* as it should have been. As it is, the delegates stand *sixty-one* anti-Convention to *sixty* for it.

A Philadelphia Doctor professes to be able to relieve people who are bewildered.—*Ex.*

The leaders of the North Carolina Democracy should secure his exclusive services at once.

Hon. W. A. MOORE has been holding Special Court in Edgecombe. His ability and dignified bearing on the Bench are spoken of in the highest terms.

A terrible storm of wind has raged all along the Atlantic coast the past weeck, doing much damage to vessels and property.

On Monday the Steamer Ocean Wave exploded at Mobile, Killing and wounding sixty persons.

A railroad collision near Boston on the 27th killed 18 and wounded 50.

A fire at Amboy, Ill., yesterday morning, destroyed nearly all the business houses on both sides of the main street. Loss $200,000; insured for $75,000. John Shannon was burned to deate in the town jail before help could reach him.

On the 26th by an accident on the Eastern (Mass.) Railroad 24 persons were killed and over 30 injured, and on the same day six persons were killed and fifteen wounded on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad.

Correspondence.

From Nag's Head—the Ball—A Gay Time.

To the Editor of the North Carolinian.

I cannot refrain from giving you a description of our last nights "ball" at the famous old resort, Nag's Head.

The Steamer Hertford having arrived about 4 o'clock, P. M., with her excursionists, accompanied by the Elizabeth City Cornet Band, struck "terra firma" making the welkin ring with sweet chouses, and as the last sweet strain died away it seemed as if to waft the soul by magic into a fairy land. And now we are all safely ashore they are seen wending their way to the broad and wide spreading Atlantic, there to enjoy a refreshing and invigorating bath in the bosom of the deep, whose white cap waves are seen lashing the shore as far as the eye can follow its sinuous course. It is a lovely sight on the ocean this evening, (but excuse me for intruding too much on your time,) but an object so grand should not go unnoticed. You may look to the right and to the left this evening and behold objects worthy of your attention. There floating like a "thing of life" upon the glassy mirror of nature is the white winged birds of commerce, bringing and carrying their exports and imports from and to every country. There also is seen the noble Bark with pure white sails as she rides triumphantly on. And now to return again to the "Alexina" House, over the gentle sloping hills and undulating valleys, where all have returned, but for what? To hear the summons of the tea bell and as we stand upon the balcony and gaze with intense rapture upon

"The fair women,
And brave men,"

we wonder with admiration not unequaled by the acient days of Rebecca and Rowena, has nature ever blessed human's with more loveliness than these.

And now we find ourselves ushered along with the rest to a large and spacious department, where we are kindly shown a chair and we seat ourselves, but not to cat for the present, for the very table seemed to groan beneath its massive burthens of the "good things" of life. If ever honor was due to a proprietor, Mr. J. M. Weedbee will stand as first amid the propriatory list. Well, tea is over and we adjourn, but for a short space, and that to seek our chambers to prepare for the "Ball Room." As we are making our toilet something burst upon our ear that fills our soul with rapture and delight, we listen intentively, and we look and find already that the Cornet Band is discoursing sweet music to an already assembled crowd. We hasten our toilet and descend to the "Ball Room" where we find sweet looks, pleasant faces and a hand of welcome extended to all. The Band is through and the String instruments have begun, when are seen many, as if by magic, tripping on the light fantastic, to the inviting strains of "Ill Bachio." As we gaze around and look through the mazes of the dance, we see many to be admired, ladies not only of beauty but of talent, all of whom seem to extend the hand of pleasure.

To try and give you a description of the costumes would be taxing your patience too much, but we will of some:

Miss P. M. who leads the list is dressed in a flowing robe of white satin, tastefully and ornamentally arranged.

Miss. M. M. is dressed exquisitely in a colored tarleton, well designed to fit her graceful form.

The sweet and amiable Miss. A. M. is also dressed in tarleton, bestowed with wreaths of roses, whose blushes are not more modest than those which radiate her countenance.

Miss M. S. is dressed in a handsome morceantique whose graceful folds droop in beauty by her side.

As we have given you a brief sketch of the costumes worn by the ladies we would be recreant to duty if we failed to tell you something of little Minnie, the delight and pleasure of all, who skips like some fairy queen, surrounded by her nymphs, amid the mazes of the dance.

Well, it is nigh unto twelve o'clock and nearly time for Prof. Ferrie and Reynolds to cease drawing the bow. Tis with heavy hearts and eyes which seem to flash,

"On with the dance,
Let joy be unconfined."

But the last strain is dieing away and the lamps which an hour ago,

"Shown over the fair women,
And brave men,"

renders their form no longer visible. With a faint sigh we all leave to repose in the loving embrace of morpheous.

Very Respectfully,
O. S. CAR.

ALEXINA HOUSE, Aug. 4, 1871.

[On reading the above we see our correspondent has inexplicably failed to do justice to the other fair ones who graced the ball room. Of course the NORTH CAROLINIAN is too gallant to let this matter pass unnoticed. Miss A. S——d, Miss S. J——n, Miss L. S——s, Misses L's, R's and a number of others whose personal attractions and toiletts excited general commendation. Indeed the ladies spending "the season" this year at Nag's Head would grace *any* place or occasion. —ED.]

Fight at the Depot.

A most unfortunate and much to be deplored affair took place at the depot in this place on Sunday morning last. It appears to have grown out of a private quarrel between two individuals. Capt. R. E. Wilson had an old grudge against Mr. Starbuck, the U. S. District Attorney, growing out of a suit or prosecution instituted against Capt. Wilson soon after the close of the late war. Capt. Wilson had called on Mr. Starbuck in relation to the matter on Saturday evening, but no settlement had been affected. On Sunday morning, it being known that Mr. Starbuck would leave on the Western train for Marion, Capt. Wilson, accompanied by Mr. W. W. Beard and Mr. Lucco Mitchell, proceeded to the Depot in the Boyden House Omnibus. In the Omnibus, a part of the way, were also Judge Brooks, Mr. Starbuck and Mr. Larkins, Clerk of the U. S. Dist. Court. About the time the Omnibus reached the Depot some words passed between Wilson and Starbuck in relation to the matter, followed by an assault from Wilson. Judge Brooks immediately arose and commanded the peace, when he was collared and pushed out of the Omnibus by Beard. Larkins, who had already gotten out of the Omnibus, endeavered to make Beard loose his hold on the Judge, and failing to do so by gentle means struck him. Beard then released the Judge, knocked Larkins, who is a feeble man, down and commenced kicking him after he was down. The Judge then dealt Beard a heavy blow with his cane, striking in defence of Larkins, who was being badly hurt. Such are the facts in relation to the fight as detailed to us by one who received them from Judge Brooks. There are other versions of this affair that vary someweat from this statement.

The parties were at length separated when Judge Brooks attached Capt. Wilson, Mr. Beard and Mr. Mitchell for contempt. He left them in the custody of the Marshal here—they having declined to give bail—and set Thursday next, at Raleigh, for the hearing of the case. The whole matter is deeply and sincerely regretted by our citizens generally, who have a high regard for Judge Brooks.—*The Old North State.*

ELECTION TABLE.

COUNTIES.	ATT'NY GEN. AUG. 1870.		CONVENTION AUG. 1871.	
	Shipp.	Phillips.	Convention.	No Convention.
Alamance	788	1043	1178	902
Alexander	504	247	530	281
Alleghany	377	158	314	177
Anson	1052	986	1031	949
Ashe	791	698	509	720
Beaufort	1505	1346	1205	1326
Bertie	823	1391	704	1443
Bladen	1115	1223	919	1429
Brunswick	420	719	569	845
Buncombe	1426	981	1306	1166
Burke	803	693	768	639
Cabarrus	962	851	1013	808
Caldwell	638	251	651	404
Camden	628	526	538	540
Carteret	881	821	951	737
Caswell	637	251	1262	1544
Catawba	1043	149	1220	276
Chatham	1861	1124	1480	1757
Cherokee	522	304	440	416
Chowan	603	692	588	722
Clay	218	174	213	215
Cleveland	1212	514	1117	309
Columbus	937	487	951	642
Craven	1500	2764	1483	3173
Cumberland	1740	1671	1484	1715
Currituck	816	327	681	460
Dare	265	168	194	236
Davidson	1216	1150	1262	1405
Davie	762	683	704	733
Duplin	1505	952	1421	1029
Edgecombe	776	2878	1236	3321
Forsythe	954	1014	936	1133
Franklin	1379	1437	1414	1521
Gaston	958	696	869	420
Gates	704	356	765	420
Granville	2008	2368	1991	2824
Greene	794	1006	686	930
Guilford	1793	1717	1745	1741
Halifax	1347	3230	1556	3584
Harnett	840	562	816	590
Haywood	728	401	733	394
Henderson	403	555	338	737
Hertford	297	273	772	855
Hyde	754	620	708	642
Iredell	1203	404	1467	777
Jackson	587	299	710	191
Johnson	1709	1212	1447	1395
Jones	519	559	522	575
Lenoir	911	1234	958	1178
Lincoln	822	510	843	553
Macon	530	246	739	176
Madison	510	489	562	590
Martin	1116	1107	1031	1243
McDowell	539	551	576	488
Mecklenburg	2161	1936	2026	2089
Mitchell	280	471	84	623
Montgomery	481	545	469	597
Moore	1113	791	839	880
Nash	980	788	1181	1184
New Hanover	2027	2914	2122	5702
Northampton	956	1800	888	1993
Onslow	788	368	660	412
Orange	1708	991	1755	1299
Pasquotank	837	920	638	1051
Perquimans	656	795	584	855
Person	1092	765	928	845
Pitt	1752	1754	1724	1778
Polk	189	360	208	335
Randolph	1280	1242	1226	1319
Richmond	863	1162	790	1144
Robeson	1635	1628	1288	1561
Rockingham	1590	1143	1422	1322
Rowan	1459	873	1399	1003
Rutherford	898	1154	796	1207
Sampson	1397	1545	1339	1210
Stanly	598	452	627	483
Stokes	989	508	853	747
Surry	1007	560	826	929
Transylvania	367	149	395	115
Tyrrell	429	328	291	367
Union	788	634	773	666
Wake	3112	3504	3102	3647
Warren	873	2206	988	2453
Washington	561	798	458	915
Watauga	560	268	489	237
Wayne	1764	1785	1615	1824
Wilkes	913	811	872	1117
Wilson	1191	948	1141	1117
Yadkin	879	511	627	848
Yancey	596	245	462	341
Total	87648	83427	86007	95252
Majority	4221		9245	

Europe.

AUGUST 22.—The Queen's speech was read before Parliament, and that body was prorogued until Nov. 7. The Beethoven centenary was celebrated at Bonn. The new United States loan meets with great success. French reenforcements have arrived in Algeria.

AUGUST 23.—The new American loan has been so successful that the books will be closed to-day. A riot has occurred in Limerick. The French deputation has gone to England. Mr. Thiers's office is still discussing. The debate on the disbandment of the French army is hotly carried on by the Press. Damaging testimony has been given against the Communists. The Spanish Budget is ready for the Cortes. A conservative Roman Catholic Congress will be held in Munich Sept. 22. An English vessel has foundered at sea. Fifty lives were lost. The cholera continues in Konigsberg.

AUGUST 24.—The promulgation of M. Thiers's powers as President is considered certain. Damaging testimony was given against Ferre, the Communist. The proposed disarmament of the National Guard causes general discussion. The cholera has appeared in Berlin and a cholera ship has reached England. A serious Labor riot occurred at Newcastle, England. Spain will issue a loan of $30,000,000. The retirement of Count Beust is rumored. The Emperor William will remain two weeks at Gastein. Reports of floods, storms, and an apprehended famine come from Hungary.

AUGUST 25.—An amendment providing for the gradual disbandment of the French National Guard has been passed. The German Embassador has complained of the existence of a league to restore Alsace and Lorraine to France. The discussion of the evacuation of the French forts will be carried on at Versailles. The English Foreign Office has been warned to watch the proceedings at Gastein. The Berlin *Zeitung* denies the failure of negotiations there, The Roumanian trouble is reported settled. An attempt to assassinate King Amadeus of Spain is reported. Thirty-two persons were killed by lightning in a church in Italy. Another Phœnix Park meeting is proposed in Dublin. The Newcastle disturbances have been renewed. The British Commissioner under the Washington Treaty will sail Sept. 9.

AUGUST 26.—M. Thiers had his resignation written when Ducrot's amendment to the Disarmament bill was passed. The bill for the gradual disarmament of the Guard has been passed. The first Communist court-martial has concluded its hearing. The question of evacuation is still unsettled. The 4th of September celebration is forbidden. Don Carlos has appeared at Bayonne. The cholera is very fatal at Konigsberg. It is decreasing in Russia. Renforth's death causes much comment in England. Two British steamers have been wrecked off Cape Horn.

AUGUST 28.—M. Thiers has issued a circular urging the absence of all ceremonies on Sept 4. Germany looks with distrust on the quarrels at Versailles. Gen. Faidherbe has resigned his seat as deputy. Count Luigi Corti has been appointed an arbitrator under the Treaty of Washington by England and the U. S. A Carlist invasion of Spain is threatened. It is positively announced that the Emperors of Austria and Germany are to meet.

Gov. Potts, of Montana Territory, informs the Interior Department of the threatening attitude of Indians, near Gallatine Valley, the settlers in which are preparing to leave their crops and fly to a safe place at a moment's notice. He asks for more troops, or authority to organize militia.

Several cases of yellow fever in Charleston of more or less virulence are reported from two different sources.

General Summary

A pelican shot last week in Nevada, near Virginia City, measured eight feet oight inches from tip to tip of its extended wings.

A married man in New-Haven on Monday joined the great society for the promotion of domestic infelicity. He ran away with another man's wife.

A man walking on the beach below San Francisco, on the 14th inst., noticed a bag lying in the water, and, drawing it out and opening it, was horrified to find that it contained four ghastly human heads.

The Legislature of New Hampshire has passed an act compelling every parent or guardian to send his child to a public school for twelve weeks each year. For six weeks at least the schooling must be continuous. The first violation of this act is punished by a fine of $10; the subsequent violation by a fine of $20.

It is estimated that the damage inflicted by the grasshoppers in Maine this year will amount to millions of dollars. There are many square miles of territory where not a bushel of grain will be raised, and hundreds of farmers who two weeks since counted upon at least an average crop of corn will hardly get an ear.

Judge Fisher was the only member of the Supreme Court of Wyoming who dissented from the decision that women have the right to sit as jurors under the provisions of the existing Territorial laws. Chief-Justice Howe rendered an opinion, that under the Fourteenth Amendmen, women in the United States have the same rights as men in respect of suffrage and officeholding.

A Honolulu paper relates that as a native man and woman were out fishing on a reef a shark appeared and attacked the man, and by successive bites took off his arms and his legs; that the woman made for the shore with the limbless trunk of her husband; that she reached it in safety, and that the man still lives. The story is told on the authority of a policeman at Waikiki, otherwise it would be difficult of belief.

Senator Henry Wilson of Massachusetts, says *The Paris American Register*, has run away from England to escape the dinners and receptions with which he has been overwhelmed since his arrival in that country, and is now quietly enjoying life in Paris. He may be seen any day on the Boulevards or in the places where Americans most love to congregate, and with his long, white hair, and fresh, rosy complexion, is as much an object of attention and interest as he is in the corridor of the Capitol or on Pennsylvania-avé.

The Hillsboro *Recorder* says that Mrs. Lydia Shanklin, probably the oldest person in this State, died at her residence in this County on Friday last. She was about 112 years old. Was a grown woman during the Revolutionary war. This good old lady attended the organization of Orange Presbytery at Hawfield church, Sept., 1770, and was very anxious to attend its centennial meeting in 1870; but the gay girl of 1770 found herself bowed down with age in 1870, and was unable to attend the meeting.

J. Edgar Thompson of the Pennsylvania Central Railway is said to be one of the calmest and most persevering of men, always preserving silence himself, and making others talk without asking questions. An English capitalist, having business with the railway magnate, was told by a wag that Thompson liked to do all the talking, and the result was that, in an interview of 15 minutes, not 20 words were spoken. When the Briton came out, the wag inquired his opinion of the railway financier. "He seems to be an idiot," was the response. Thompson, questianed respecting the Englishman, expressed the opinion that he must be a Trappist.

The Cherokee Indians, of North Carolina, will, for the most part, the Wilmington *Star* says, accept the provisions of the law by which they are, in accordance with their own wishes, to be removed to a reservation in the Indian territory. There are eighty-nine now in camp at Loudon, Tenn., thirty three of whom are under twelve years of age. There are two other parties in North Carolina, of about fifty and thirty respectively. These are awaiting the arrangement of transportation and other preliminaries to their departure. Chief James Oabdiah will send a complete roll to the Indian office of those who are to remove, showing the age, sex, etc, of each individual. The Indians are anxious to get away as soon as possible.

Under the title of "Excitement in a Hotel—Almost a Tragedy," the Richmond *Enquirer* of yesterday contains the following: We learn that yesterday morning the parlor of one of the hotels down town was the theatre of a most exciting scene, which came very near terminating in a bloody tragedy. The wife of a boarder had discovered in her husband's pocket a letter from another woman, which indicated that their relation were not of the character to be borne with by a wife. While she was talking over the matter with the landlady, it was announced that there was a lady in the parlor who desired to see her husband. She went down, and there found the lady who had written the note. They soon discovered their relative positions, and a terrible encounter took place. The husband interfered, but only made matters worse, as each thought herself the most deeply wronged. A crowd was collected from the street in the house by the noise, and the excitement reached its climax, when both ladies drew pistols and seemed intent on shooting one another themselves and the husband, who had taken a seat and quietly given up all as lost. The interference of outsiders alone prevented bloodshed. The sequel of this affair will probably be told in another, and, it may be, a more tragic chapter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

VERY IMPORTANT NOTICE!

I announce to my customers and all wool growers, that my carding machine is in good order: and will dispatch custom at short notice. Bring in your wool early and save your wives much hard labor. RUFUS WHITE.
BELVIDERE, N. C., Aug. 31st, 1871.—4t.

NOTICE!

Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern that the black Pony in my posession and which is also used by me in carrying the U. S. Mail from Elizabeth City to Currituck Court-House is not my property, but is the property of A. H. Lindsay of Portsmouth, Va., having been purchased by him him from W. A. Harney.
CHARLES S. DAVIS.
AUG. 31st.

CHILLS AND FEVER

AND DUMB AGUE.

The only known *Specific* for the above diseases, is Henry Bellerjeau's powders.

Hundreds of cases have been treated in Elizabeth City, thousands elsewhere, and all entirely relieved. *Quit the quinine it will destroy you*, and give my remedy *one* fair trial. If it does not cure, it *costs you nothing*.

MY MOTTO IS, NO CURE NO PAY.

It has been tested by hundreds of customers of the Land and Lumber Company's Store and not a single failure has been reported to me.

One package of my powders will cure any case of Chills and Fever.

One package taken, will prevent an attack of Billious Fever.

One powder will quickly relieve headache. For sale by the Land and Lumber Co.

Address HENRY BELLERJEAU.
No. 207 North 3rd Street, Phila., Pa.
10—3m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE!

The examination of candidates for teachership of the Public Schools of Pasquotank County will commence at my office on Monday September 18th 1871.

FRANK VAUGHN.
Aug. 31st. County Examiner.

1871. FALL TRADE. 1871.

GUNS. GUNS. GUNS.

Double and Single Barrel Guns,
Breechloading and Muzzleloading Guns,
of English, French and German manufacture.

AT ALL PRICES.

Single Guns at $2,50, $4,00, $6,00, $8,00 to $20 each. Double Guns from $7,00 to $200,00 each.

PISTOLS. PISTOLS. PISTOLS.

Smith & Wesson, Colt's, Allen's, Sharp's, and all the popular and approved kinds.

AMMUNITION FOR GUNS, PISTOLS & RIFLES.
SPORTSMAN'S GOODS OF GREAT VARIETY.

Best quality and
at Lowest Prices.

Country Merchants and Sportsmen are invited to call and examine our large and well selected stock of the above Goods, which we import direct and buy from the manufacturers. We guarantee quality equal to, and prices as low as any responsible house in this country.

Orders by mail filled promptly, and sent by express, C. O. D.

POULTNEY, TRIMBLE & CO.,
200 W. Baltimore Street,
Baltimore, Md.

Aug. 31, 1871—6m.

PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY

IN EDENTON, N. C.

I would announce to the public that I have opened a first class Gallery in Edenton. Having had twenty years experience in the profession, and always keeping posted in every improvement in the Art, I am prepared to do work of all kinds equal to the best Artists in the cities. My instruments are all new and of the best kind. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction.

I have also just opened a new Watch Makers Shop in my Photographic Gallery, where I am prepared to do all kinds of work in the line of repairing Watches, Jewelry, Chronometers, also Gold and Silver plating done in the best style. All work guaranteed. Having had fifteen years extensive practice in the business I flatter myself to be able to give entire satisfaction. All I ask is a trial.

L. WINNER.
EDENTON, N. C., Aug., 31, 1871.

CLASICAL AND MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL.

The 3rd session of this institution will open the 2d day of October 1871 and close February 16th 1872.

English	$15.00
English and Latin	20.00

One-half of tuition at the beginning, and the remainder at mid-session. No deduction made except for sickness and not then, unless the time lost is one week or more.

M. H. VAUGHAN, Prin.
J. P. LEITNER, Assist.
Elizabeth City, N. C. 9-6t

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

District Court of the United States, } In Bankruptcy.
For the Albemarle District. }
In the matter of James W. Brite a Bankrupt —a.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That a petition has been filed in said court by James W. Brite, of Pasquotank county, and State of North Carolina, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 1st day of Sept 1871, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the office of T. W. Costen, Register in Bankruptcy, in Elizabeth City, N. C., is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend and show cause if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted; and that the 1st day of Sept 1871, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the office of T. W. Costen, Register in Bankruptcy, in Elizabeth City, N. C., is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend and show cause, if any they have why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted; and that the second meeting will be held at the same time and place.

Dated at Edenton, N. C., on the 11th day of Aug., a. d. 1871.

S. T. BOND, *Clerk*
9-3t.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN. That on the 17th day of April A. D. 1871, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Albemarle District of North Carolina against the estate of Wilson G. Lamb, of Martin county, and State of N. Carolina, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his ownpetition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law, that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt to prove their debts and to choose one or mere assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at Elizabeth City, N. C., before T. W. Costen, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, on the 1st day of Sept. A. D. 1871, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

S. T. CARROW, *U. S, Marshal*
JOS. Z. PRATT, *Deputy, U. S. M. as Messenger.*
8—3.

PASQOTANK COUNTY, N. C.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

July 19th, A. D., 1871.

PETITION TO SELL LAND FOR DIVISION

James Jennings, Decatur Jennings, David Pritchard and wife, Mary, John Temple and wife Lydida, Martin Temple and wife Elizabeth, Emily Jennings, "infant" by her next friend James Jennings, and Grandy Harris, Plaintiffs.
Against
The heirs at law of Susan Davis and John Tadlock and wife, Margaret Tadlock, Defendants.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

TO THE SHERIFF OF PERQUIMANS COUNTY,—GREETING:

You are hereby commanded to summon the heirs of Susan Davis, and John Tadlock and wife Margaret, the defendants above named if they be found within your County, to appear at the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court for the County of Pasquotank within thirty days, after the service of this summons on them, exclusive of the day of such service, and answer the complaint a copy of which is on file in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Pasquotank: And let them take notice, that if they fail to answer the said complaint within that time, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Herein fail not, and of this summons make due return.

Given under my hand and the Seal of said Court this the 19th day of July, A. D. 1871.

W. E. VAUGHAN,
Clerk of the Superior Court
of Pasquotank County.

In this affidavit having been made that the heirs at law of Susan Davis reside in the State of Indiana at Pendleton in Madison county. It is ordered that publication for Six weeks in the "North Carolinian" news-paper published at Elizabeth City, of the foregoing Summons for the said heirs at law be made as the law requires.

W. E. VAUGHAN,
Clerk of the Superior Court
5-6t. *of Pasquotank County.*

ATTENTION FARMERS

AND PLANTERS!

I am now prepared to furnish a very superior quality of Shell Lime for fertilising purposes cheaper than the shells can be bought and prepared here. I also keep constantly on hand and for sale

GUANO.

Building Lime, Juniper Posts, a superior quality of Northern Hay, Ice, Ice Coolers, Refrigerators. I am also Agent for the celebrated Kedzil Water Filter. Something that every family in this section ought to have and if they were in more general use here there would be a great deal less sickness. The Public is cordialy invited to call and examine these Filters. CHAS. MAGEE.
E. CITY, N. C.—8—3m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

District Court of the United States, } In Bankruptcy.
For the Albemarle District. }
In the matter of H. J. Lane, a Bankrupt —a.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVE, That a petition has been filed in said court by H. J. Lane of Pasquotank county, and State of North Carolina, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 1st day of Sept., 1871, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the office of T. W. Costen, Register in Bankruptcy, in Elizabeth City, N. C., is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors, who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted; and that the second meeting will be held at the same time and place.

Dated at Edenton, N. C., on the 11th day of August, a. d. 1871.

S. T. BOND, *Clerk.*
8-2t.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

District Court of the United States, } In Bankruptcy.
For the Albemarle District. }
In the matter of Whitaker Myers a Bankrupt —a.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That a petition has been filed in said court by Whitaker Myers, of Perquimansounty and State of North Carolina, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2d, 1871, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 1st day of Sept., 1871, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the office of T. W. Costen, Register in Bankruptcy, in Elizabeth City, N. C., is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors, who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend and show cause, if any they have why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted; and that the second meeting will be held at the same time and place.

Dated at Edenton, N. C., on the 11th

NORTH CAROLINIAN.
THURSDAY, AUGUST 31, 1871.
THIS WEEK'S ADVERTISEMENTS.
We call attention to the following new advertisements this issue:
J. L. W. nurs Advertises us is
Last Week. 1871.
Very Important Notice.
Chills and Fever.
Notice.

Local and Personal.

☞Read the bills on our fourth page about transplanting trees.

☞The attention of Teachers is called to the advertisement of the County Examiner.

☞Hon. John Pool, is still at Washington, kept there by public business.

☞The Colored Camp Meeting at Holly Grove, near Woodville this county, was very orderly and successful. It commenced under the auspices of Elder Wood on the 14th inst, and closed yesterday. On Sabbath last we learn there were about four thousand people on the grounds. The arrangements were complete, resulting in the very best of order. Accomodations were made to seat white visitors seperately. Everybody speaks in the highest terms of the meeting.

☞A subscription has been started for the new Pier at Nag's Head referred to in our last issue. We believe the money will be raised and the Pier built.

☞The work on the streets has been resumed. What a difference a little intelligent planning makes in the appearance of a job.

☞A. B. S. We doubt the correctness of your theory. Time obliterates the judgements of nature.

☞The Land and Lumber Company are now shipping large amounts of Lumber to the Northern markets. The Steamer "J. S. Rockwell," of Philadelphia, was loaded last week. This Company is doing an immense business.

☞We are informed that the "cattle law" referred to in our last week's paper, is not dead and dieing. It is alive and well. Many dear lots of cattle, sheep and hogs are yearly killed by the cattle, and as a people we are honest, law abiding; industrious, opposed to Ku Klux outrages, and that our debt is but small, compared with our great wealth and abundant resources, and that our people have no idea of repudiation, and that we think as much of the people in other States as we do of ourselves, and consider that they are entitled to the same consideration and kindness which is awarded to our citizens who emigrate to sister States; and that the Northern element in North Carolina are as honest, enterprising, and industrious and as worthy of our confidence as the native born. And that they have as deep an interest in the welfare and good name of North Carolina as her native sons, and are as ready to defend her fair fame and suffer for her good; that they have come here to make this State their future home, to live and die here, to marry and give in marriage, to rear children, to live and let live, to teach their offspring to love and cherish the American Union—one State no more than the other. Inculcate sentiments of success fully rival the most prosperous States of the Great West.—*Sentinel Times.*

On Saturday last in New York the body of a beautiful woman, Killed by an abortion, was found in a trunk checked to Chicago.

☞The old buildings have all been removed from Court House Square.

☞His Honor Judge Boomer is now at Raleigh holding Court. An account of the difficulty at Salisbury, referred to last week, will be found in an article copied from the *Old North State.*

☞In reply to the question of "ANNIE" we would state that the "Carat" is an imaginary weight expressing the proportion of pure gold in a mass of metal. If a jeweler says his gold is 18 carats fine, as an ounce of gold is divided into 24 carats, then he means that 18 parts out of 24 are pure gold, the other 6 parts being alloy, of other silver, copper or some other metal.

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On Saturday last in New York the body of a beautiful woman, Killed by an abortion, was found in a trunk checked to Chicago.

Business Locals.

Will be sold at private sale, on the most reasonable terms, one of the most valuable, conducive and pleasant situated residences in Elizabeth City. In addition to the dwelling there are two store houses attached and all necessary outbuildings. Persons wishing to make a good and safe investment would do well to call on or address Mrs. Sarah Lamb, South West Corner of Main and Road Streets, Elizabeth City, N. C.

A. E. Jacobs for ever! He is one of the popular men of the South, the owner of the Nags Head Hotel and an extensive dealer in Dry Goods, Notions etc., at 85 Market Square, Norfolk Va. Harris Like Faith—because they are full of a clear skin. Why are pimples, blotches, boils, tetter, salt rheum, ringworm, scurvy, and all diseases arising from impure blood, or low state of the system, so prevalent? Because the articles used to cure them are worthless. Try all means let it be re-enacted. Cattle should not be allowed to roam about the streets at night.

☞Our reputation is made. The article of the *Sentinel* is writing one article after another, all for our especial benefit. He is pointing our name with the most prominent men of the State, and, of course, is amusing us. In one respect he has decided advantage.—We admit it. He is an adept in *bilinigs gate*—is a graduate of the School of Scandal. We have no credentials to pass us in that line of business. We claim to be in the employ of no newspaper office are heavier than most people imagine. It not only costs four thirds to live thousand dollars to start one, but it costs as much more a year to run it.

☞Those of our Subscribers knowing themselves to be in arrears are requested at once to make their remittance. We cannot afford to furnish the public with reading matter free of charge.

☞Our reputation is made. The article of the *Sentinel* is writing one article after another, all for our especial benefit. He is pointing our name with the most prominent men of the State, and, of course, is amusing us. In one respect he has decided advantage.—We admit it. He is an adept in *bilinigs gate*—is a graduate of the School of Scandal. We have no credentials to pass us in that line of business. We claim to be in the employ of no newspaper office are heavier than most people imagine. It not only costs four thirds to live thousand dollars to start one, but it costs as much more a year to run it.

TAR

FIRST AND ONLY SOLUTION ever made in the mixture of ALL THE THREE TAR PINE TREE TAR.

SWEETENED in Coupe, Cake, Cavendish, Natchez, Brookfield and Twist Tobacco, and **CURES WITHOUT FAIL** a severe cold in three to six hours. **PREVENTS** and **CURES** all Fevers **ARISING FROM BAD WATER.** **PREVENTS AND CURES** Chills and Fever. **ERADICATES** all impurities of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, Bowels and Stomach. **DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.** Scrofula and Eruptions of the Skin, Heart Disease, and General Debility. **ONE TRIAL CONVINCES!**

Also, **Dr. E. F. GARVIN'S SOLUTION & COMPOUND ELIXIR** of Tar, Pine Tree Tar, Cubebs, Juniper Berries, Buchu, Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Queen's Root, Stillingia, Iodide of Potash, Blood Purifiers, Tonics, Diuretics, Anti-Bilious, Anti-Dyspeptic, Anti-Rheumatic, Anti-Neuralgic, Anti-Syphilitic, Anti-Scrofulous, Anti-Mercurial, Anti-Lithic, Anti-Acid, Anti-Febrile, Anti-Nervous, Anti-Hysteric, Anti-Epileptic, Anti-Asthmatic, Anti-Catarrhal, Anti-Hemorrhoidal, Anti-Leucorrhoeal, Anti-Uterine, Anti-Ovarian, Anti-Prostatic, Anti-Spermatorrhoeal, Anti-Impotency, Anti-Sterility, Anti-Gonorrhoeal, Anti-Gleet, Anti-Strictural, Anti-Urethral, Anti-Vesical, Anti-Renal, Anti-Calculous, Anti-Dropsical, Anti-Pectoral, Anti-Tussic, Anti-Emetic, Anti-Diarrhoeal, Anti-Dysenteric, Anti-Hepatic, Anti-Splenic, Anti-Glandular, Anti-Venereal, Anti-Cutaneous, Anti-Leprous, Anti-Psoric, Anti-Syphilitic, Anti-Mercurial, Anti-Arthritic, Anti-Paralytic, Anti-Convulsive, Anti-Spasmodic, Anti-Hysterical, Anti-Hypochondriac, Anti-Melancholic, Anti-Lethargic, Anti-Apoplectic, Anti-Epileptic, Anti-Tetanic, Anti-Hydrophobic, Anti-Rabic, Anti-Canine, Anti-Lupous, Anti-Elephantiasic

AGRICULTURAL, HORTICULTURAL AND DOMESTIC MATTERS.

Management of Balky Horses.

The first and better way is never to have a balky horse. If horses are handled properly they will never balk. After a horse has been "fooled," as horsemen very properly say, when a good horse balks, it will require a vast amount of cautious management to correct the bad habit. Horses are taught to balk by stupid and cruel drivers, who have really less good sense than the animals they drive. Many strong and excellent horses are managed so improperly that they soon become almost incorrigible balkers; whereas, if a driver of ordinary intelligence had held the reins, the animals would have always been as true as steel. If a horse is properly managed he will draw with all his might, trot or run as his driver may indicate, until he drops his harness from utter exhaustion.

After a horse has really contracted the habit of balking, the vice can be corrected only by kindness and gentle treatment. The more he is whipped, kicked, clubbed, and handled roughly, the more obstinate he will be. Hence, throw away whips and clubs, and let the gentle treatment bear rule. Then, beware of overloading. A person can coax out of a horse a service that whips and kicks never can secure. Always provide some means to enable a team to start a heavy load easily. Avoid stopping—if possible—where it will be difficult to start. It is better to let a team stop for a moment, ten times, when hauling a load up a slope, than to allow it to stop in a place where it would be difficult to start. The writer once was accustomed to carry pieces of plank to the field for the wheels of the wagon to rest upon, while it was being loaded with potatoes or corn, so that the team would move off readily with a heavy load, that they could never start if the wheels had been allowed to sink into the ground while the load was increasing in weight. When a horse balks on account of exhaustion, allow the animal to rest until he has recovered strength to draw his load. Above all beware of too heavy loads, of impatience, or roughness, and of over-driving.—*Cor. of Practical Farmer.*

Transplanting Trees.

A tree will transplant very much better and grow with more certainty if dug when the ground is very wet, and if it is a valuable tree it pays well to wet the ground the day before digging.

Almost any evergreen will bear transplanting, and will do well if shaded the first summer. No one would believe the difference till they try it.

There is no trouble about transplanting large trees, if you take two or three years for it. We have tried it on pear, which is the hardest to move. Dig three fourths up, and fill up the place till another year; or, if a very big tree, take still another year. This saves labor, for then not so much digging is necessary.

Plants started too early in the spring get a check or kind of chill from which they will not recover the whole season.

Trees should hardly be watered at all unless they are mulched, not simply because of the waste in evaporation, but the cold produced by the evaporation does about as much harm as the water does good. We often hear persons say they wonder why watering trees does so little good. The reason is that the evaporation produces so much cold that the trees stop growing. And then it takes very much more water to reach the roots of a tree than the inexperienced are aware of, so that the single bucket of water only makes a cold place around the collar of the tree. If the tree was in a strong growing state it could bear it, but it is in as much need of warmth as water.

Mulch prevents evaporation and holds the water till it has time to reach the roots. But when we consider that a barrel of dry earth will nearly hold a barrel of water, we must not think that a single bucket of water will be of much use.—*Gardener's Monthly.*

Keeping Sweet Potatoes.

Few persons, comparatively, in the latitude, preserve their sweet potatoes during the winter months even so far as to supply their own spring planting. In consequence they have difficulty sometimes in securing reliable seed, that which they buy in the market failing to germinate. They soon become, too, unfit for use under ordinary treatment, and few farmers, we believe, have the benefit of this fine esculent through the winter months. There is really no reason for this, if a moderate degree of care be used in putting them away. Supposing them to be not bruised or cut in handling, all else necessary is sufficient protection from moisture and cold. A short article in the *Country Gentleman* seems to cover the whole ground: "Dig just before heavy frosts' (we should say, if possible, before any frost,) "and having plenty of dry dirt," (which should be gathered and put away in August,) and making a layer of it on the top of the ground, in a pen, house, or out of doors, lay the potatoes on it, letting no two touch, and another of dirt and then one of potatoes, &c. An obtuse cone shape is best. Layers of dirt to be one or two inches thick. After depositing all your potatoes in this way, cover them with the same dry dirt, then cover with dry straw, fodder or something of the kind, and protect it from the rain by boards. The principal point is in having the dirt dry, and in keeping it so."

Bleeding at the Nose.

Some two years ago while going down Broadway, in New York, blood commenced running from my nose quite freely. I stepped aside and applied my handkerchief, intending to repair to the nearest hotel, when a gentleman accosted me, saying: "Just put a piece of paper into your mouth, chew it rapidly, and it will stop your nose bleeding." Thanking him rather doubtfully, I did as he suggested, and the flow of blood stopped almost immediately. I have seen the remedy tried since quite frequently, and always with success.

Doubtless any substance would answer the same purpose as paper, the stoppage of the flow of blood being caused no doubt by the rapid motion of the jaws, and the counter action of the muscles and arteries connecting the jaw and the nose. Physicians say that placing a roll of paper or muslin above the front teeth, under the upper lip, and pressing hard on the same, will arrest bleeding from the nose—checking the passage of blood through the arteries leading through the nose.—*Country Gentleman.*

"Patty," a lady called to a little girls who was in the parlor, "did you tell your mother that I was here?" "Yes'm," answered Patty, demurely. "And what did she say?" "She said, 'Oh, that dreadful woman again!'"

An Irishman, when asked by a lady whether he would take a glass of sherry or a glass of whisky punch, answered that he would take the sherry while "her ladyship" was mixing the punch.

Gatesville, Texas, is excited an immense orang-outang, which has fiery eyes, a double set of teeth, and carries off a calf under its arm with ease.

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE

OF VALUABLE

NORTH CAROLINA LANDS,

FOR SALE BY

GEORGE D. POOL.

Real Estate Agent,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

In presenting my list of lands and other properties for sale, I would say that no section of the United States offers such inducements for capitalists and emigrants, as this section of North Carolina. In longevity and healthfulness, it will compare favorably with any where; and in easy and cheap transportation of products to market, in pleasantness of climate, in the sociability of the people, in great fertility, and durability of soil, no section can equal it.

A railroad will soon be built to Weldon, putting this place in direct communication by Rail, with the whole United States. This, together with our great fishing, farming and manufacturing interests, and certain early completion of already projected works of improvement for putting in nearer, cheaper and easier communication with the Ocean, will render this one of the most important commercial, and manufacturing points on the Southern country.

A Steam Saw and Grist Mill in the town of Nixonton 8 miles from E. City. This Mill has a fine wharf and store attached on deep navigable water, the engine is 40 horse power, and all in good order. It is one of the finest locations to be found any where for custom work, and for getting good saw logs easily and cheaply. Price $4,000 cash.

Adjoining the mill property is 40 acres of fine land on the River, with three houses, all for $1200. Near the same is a good two story dwelling and 13 acres of land for $2,000, and a good one story dwelling, with one acre of land for $300.

Also two fine farms in Pasquotauk county, 10 miles from E. City, within half mile of church, school house and post office. One tract contains about 400 acres, with fair buildings and mostly cleared, and the other contains 300 acres, with good two story dwelling, large barn, and other outhouses, both are offered at $20 per acre, one third cash, balance in one and two years.

Also one other tract in Pasquotank county, containing 116 acres, within one mile of the town with fine buildings, mostly cleared and in cultivation. Price $25 per acre, one half cash, balance in 12 months.

A valuable site for a hotel at Nag's Head, 40 miles from Elizabeth City, and 50 miles from Edenton. This is situated immediately on the Ocean, and is a famous Summer resort for invalids, and those seeking health, comfort, and amusements during the summer months. It is in direct communication by steamboats and railroad with all parts of North Carolina, Virginia, and the North; and is equal in natural advantages to Newport, or Cape May. Visitors flock to this famous summer resort by hundreds and thousands, and a large amount of money can be made by a hotel. A charter has been obtained from the Legislature of N. C., for a joint stock company to build the hotel. There is now an old hotel on the spot, which could be cheaply repaired and bought for $3,000. This hotel, though imperfectly kept, cleared the proprietor last season, over $3,000. For a man or a company, having some capital, this is one of the finest chances to make money at hotel keeping to be found anywhere. The early attention of the public is invited to this property.

A fine steam saw and grist mill at Hertford, the county seat of Perquimans County, N. C., 18 miles from Elizabeth City. This mill has a fifty horse power engine, now in good running, two pairs of best French burr stones, and two upright saws. The house has a brick basement, and the building is large and in good order. There is one and a half acres of land belonging to this property, and a good two story dwelling, and other out-houses. The section of country adjacent abounds in the finest yellow pine, cypress, ash, poplar, and other valuable timber. This property originally cost $15,000, and is now offered at forced sale for the low price of $3,500, $7,00, cash, and the balance in six equal instalments, six months apart each with interest.

A fine farm and fishery in same county. The farm contains 400 acres of the finest land, lies immediately on on Albemarle Sound where the water is 12 miles wide, and 18 to 20 feet deep, has got buildings and fine neighborhood. The fishery is on the farm and goes with it. It has a new seine 2,500 yards long, and all the necessary boats, buildings, &c., (which cost over $15,000 two years ago.) The fishery alone, of a good season, will make from 5 to $10,000 profit to the owner. This property is offered at forced sale for the low price of $20,000, $7,000 cash, balance on easy times.

A store at South Mills, in Camden county, 20 miles from E. City, and 20 miles from Norfolk, lying on the canal where steamers pass daily. A fine chance for merchandize. Store is large with dwelling above containing six rooms, is in first rate order, has office, kitchen, dairy, and other necessary outhouses. Goods to the amt. of $50,000 per annum can be sold here, and at large profits. A splended stand for a country retail store. Price $2,500—one third cash, balance in one and two years.

A valuable tract of land in Camden county, at South Mills, on the Dismal Swamp Canal, lying on the canal for two miles, containing over 900 acres of land—two-thirds cleared, and in a fine state of cultivation, with good buildings, &c.; balance in valuable timber. Price $12,000, one-third cash, balance in one and two years, interest from January, 1871. This is a valuable farm for corn, wheat, and vegetables, and being midway between Elizabeth City and Norfolk, and located where steamers pass by the door daily, is a desirable and cheap property.

A fine farm of 600 acres within six miles of E. City, one mile from navigable water, and the best cotton farm in the State. It is also well adapted to raising corn and wheat. This farm has a splended two-story dwelling upon it, large barn, 40 by 60 feet, a large number of outhouses, by splended trees and shrubbery, is in a strong Union neighborhood, and altogether the most desirable place in the county. A little over one-half of this land is cleared, and the balance is covered with the finest yellow pine, poplar, ash and other timber. Price $30 per acre—one third cash, balance in one and two years with interest. Title reserved.

Sixteen houses and lots in Elizabeth City, with good dwellings, out-houses, &c. Prices and terms reasonable.

A valuable farm in Perquimans county, N. C. near navigable water. Has a fine dwelling-house with ten rooms, in splended order, with splended barns and stables—all in first rate order. The farm is very productive in corn, oats, wheat, cotton and clover. It is one of the finest farms in the State and is now in good cultivation, contains 585 acres of land, about three-fourths cleared and under cultivation. Price $10,000, one-third cash January 1, next balance in two equal annual instalments with interest at the rate of six per cent.

A farm of 570 acres 8 miles from town by water, and 12 miles by land, is offered for sale for $10,000 in easy payments. This tract of land lies immediately on the River which is 4 miles wide and washes the farm its whole length on one side, and a branch of the River one mile wide, binds it on one end. The land is well adapted to raising corn, wheat, cotton, oats, peas, &c., lies high and dry, and is susceptible of the highest improvement. Fronting and looking over, as it does, two large sheets of navigable water, where steamers and sailing vessels are constantly passing, carrying freight and passengers to all parts of the country, its location and surroundings, are of the most fascinating and desirable character. There is a fishery on it ready for working a seine 2,500 yards long, and which commands a portion of both streams of water, and can be made immensely profitable. The price charged is low, and the purchase a very desirable one. The buildings consist of a good two-story dwelling and out-houses.

A tract of valuable land, containing 356 acres, with fine two story dwelling containing 9 rooms and cook-room. Servant's house with 3 rooms, large barns and stables, all necessary and convenient out-houses, 3 tenant-houses near town, and immediately on the River. About 100 acres of this land is in fine wood and timber, balance in a fine state of cultivation. It has 8,000 grape vines one year old, 3,500 peach, apple and dwarf pear trees, five acres in strawberries which yielded an immence profit this year, ten acres in Lawton and other rare varieties of black-berries,' 15 to 20,000 young peach trees with other choice fruits too numerous to mention. This farm has a public road on one side, and the River on the other, where strangers come daily to the landings to receive the fruits and vegetables, and carry them down to Norfolk, Baltimore, Phila., or New York. The land is finely adapted to raising corn, wheat, cotton, oats, and all other field crops.

The owner of this farm offers to sell in tracts, to suit purchasers, say in 50 to 100 acre tracts, and at prices ranging from 35 to $80 per acre, according to location, buildings, &c.

There is also on this farm a fine fishery, where a seine 1,000 yards long, and 20 feet deep is hauled every Spring. Herring, Shad, Rock-fish, Sturgeon and other valuable fish, are caught by thousands at every draw of the seine. And the profits are frequently large. This fishery of itself is worth nearly as much as is charged for the whole property. The terms will be liberal. This is probably the finest opportunity offered any where for a profitable investment.

☞ Fishery has an office, and two houses for hands besides fish house. Then some 500 to 1,000 loads of best fish manure on hand, besides over 5,000 loads of compost made ready for use. This goes with the farm.

A desirable house and lot in the town of Elizabeth City on the corner of two principal streets, the principal one, and situated in the best business locality in the town. The lot contains about two acres of land, and the buildings consist of a fair dwelling three stories high, containing eight rooms, all in good order, another two story building with four rooms and pantries, dairy, smokehouses, stables, &c. The dwelling has a good cellar under it. There is room on the front lot to erect two good stores, and they would occupy the best stand in the town for merchandize.

For further particulars, enquire of

GEO. D. POOL,
Agent.

Elizabeth City, N. C., Mar. 9, 1871.

TO SPORTSMEN.—

The subscriber wound announce to his friends and the public that he continues at the old stand on Road street and keeps on hand a good assortment of Guns, Rifles, Pistols, Sporting apparatus and fine cutlery, He may at all times be found either in his store prepared to accommodate customers with New Goods, or in his shop adjoining, willing and happy to repair any article in his line of business.

29—1y. GEO. W. BELL.

HAVING SECURED THE SERVICES OF THE best mechanics in each of the departments, and giving my own particular attention to all work done at my shop, I feel safe in saying that my work will compare favorably with that of any of the large cities. All I ask is an examination of my work to convince those in want of any kind of a vehicle that this is the place to buy them.

Repairing done at short notice and at reasonable rates. Give me a call.

JNO. S. WAUGH.

Elizabeth City, Nov. 25, 1869.-tf.

PERMANENT DAILY LINE.

DISMAL SWAMP STEAM TRANS., CO.

Norfolk and Elizabeth City, U. S. Mail Line.

The Company will after this date run a permanently Daily Boat between Norfolk, Va, and Elizabeth City, N. C. Leaving the Company's Wharf at E. City every morning—(Sunday Excepted,) at 6 o'clock, A. M. Leaving Hardy & Sons Wharf, Norfolk, every morning immediately after the arrival of Baltimore Boats. Stopping at Portsmouth.

Freight for intermediate landings must be prepaid.

For further information, apply at the office of Company, Hardy's Wharf, (formerly Willis) Norfolk, Va., or at Company Wharf, E. City, N. C.

Steamer, Thos. Jefferson, Conklin, Com.
" Elizabeth City, Murden, "
" Geo. Washington, Langley "

W. A. HARNEY, Agent.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., March 9th, 1871.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

TO

CONSUMERS OF DRY GOODS.

ALL RETAIL ORDERS AMOUNTING TO $20 AND OVER DELIVERED IN ANY PART OF THE COUNTRY, FREE OF EXPRESS CHARGES.

HAMILTON EASTON & SONS,

OF BALTIMORE, MD.,

In order the better to meet the wants of their Retail Customers at a distance, have established a

SAMPLE BUREAU,

and will, upon application, *promptly send by mail* full lines of Samples of the Newest and most Fashionable Goods, of FRENCH, ENGLISH and DOMESTIC MANUFACTURE, guaranteeing at all times to sell *as low,* if not at *less prices,* than any house in the country.

Buying our goods from the largest and most celebrated manufacturers in the different parts of Europe, and importing the same by Steamers direct to Baltimore, our stock is at all times promptly supplied with the novelties of the London and Paris Markets.

As we buy and sell *only for cash, and make no bad debts,* we are able and willing to sell our goods at FROM TEN TO FIFTEEN PER CENT, LESS PROFIT than if we gave credit.

In sending for samples specify the kind of goods desired. We keep the best grades of every class of goods, from the lowest to the most costly.

Orders unaccompanied by the cash, will be sent C. O. D.

PROMPT PAYING WHOLESALE BUYERS are invited to inspect the Stock in our Jobbing and Packing Department. Address

HAMILTON EASTON & SONS,

197, 199, 201 and 203 West Baltimore St.,

Baltimore, Md.

Oct. 27th,-70—1y.

BONE DUST.—

The subscriber has just erected at his Farm, near the city, the most improved machinery for making BONE DUST, and is now ready to fill orders for any quantity, which will be delivered at the shortest notice.

The BONE DUST will be finer than any heretofore made by him, (no chemical process resorted to,) enabling the Farmer or Planter to sow it with a Drill.

Mr. Samuel Sands, well kuown to the Farmers and Planters of the United States as the former Editor of the "American Farmer and Rural Register," will have charge of his office, NO. 63 S. GAY STREET, near Pratt, and will be happy to receive the visits or orders of his old friends.

$45 per ton, put in new bags. No charge for bags.

Farmers and others are invited to visit my works. I have nothing to conceal.

My men have nothing nice to perform, therefore I have no "non-admittance" signs on my premises. Persons are free to examine my factory, and the *modus operandi* of Dust making.

I cannot afford to pay 5, 10 or 20 per cent. to commission merchants, as my profits do not exceed 10 per cent.

Bone Dust, as manufacured by me, is *A simple,* and its quality cannot be made to conform to the price.

JOSHUA HORNER,

Office 54 South Gay Street, near Pratt,

Baltimore, Md.

Or at his old stand, Corner Chew and Stirling Sept., 15, 1870—1y.

THE

OCEAN HOUSE,

Portsmouth, Va.

WILLIAM DORLAN, Proprietor.

apl. 27—tf.

THOMAS PARR

CABINET MAKER AND UNDERTAKER,

most respectfully informs his customers, friends and the public generally, that he has removed to *E. City, N. C.* and comenced his old business as Cabinet maker and Undertaker.

He is now prepaired to furnish *Metalic* and wood coffins of the latest improved kind and best quality, as cheapas they can be purchased in this market.

His *Hearse,* will be ready at all times to serve his customers at any distance within thirty miles, upon the same terms and same prices as within this immediate vicinity.

He is prepared to repair furniture of every kind and quality, and furnish new furniture on as reasonable terms as any one in this section.

It will be to the interest of those who may desire any article in his line of business to give him a call at his ware-room on Road Street near C. B. Brother's Livery Stables.

E. City, N. C. July 20, 1871.

SEND YOUR JOB WORK TO THE

North Carolinian

OFFICE.

We have the largest assortment of Job Type ever brought to this section, consequently we can do your job work in a style that cannot be surpassed in any city.

LAND AND LUMBR COMPANY'S COLUMN.

LAND AND LUMBER COMPANY

OF

NORTH CAROLINA.

Incorporated by the Legislature of North Carolina, December 17, 1868.

CAPITAL STOCK - - - - $300,000,00.

General Office: Elizabeth City, N. C.

OFFICERS

J. M. WEED, President. C. W. SMITH, Treasurer.

C. H. ROBINSON, Secretary.

DIRECTORS

J. M. WEED, WM. UNDERWOOD, CHARLES W. SMITH, N. R. ZIMMERMAN AND G. B. THOMPSON.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE LAND AND LUMBER COMPANY having a large amount of Real Estate of their own to dispose of, and their business having increased to such an extent, they think it prudent to decline acting further as Commission Agents for the sale of lands belonging to others. They will however be glad at all times to furnish every facility to parties coming to Elizabeth City with a desire to look at the country and make purchases if they find it to their interest to do so.

The following list of property, owned by the Company, is offered for sale on the most reasonable terms. Their object now is to acquire a larger monied capital for the purpose of further developing their unimproved lands and carrying out their original design of increasing the Commerce and General Trade of Elizabeth City.

As there are others in the Commission Business, parties are referred to their advertisement for further information.

ELIZABETH CITY.

The following desirable list of Properties in Elizabeth City are offered at very reduced prices for cash or on time payments at rates which make any of them excellent investments for capitalists. We feel confident that this City is destined to become a large place and property will advance rapidly. Emigration is now tending Southernward and the feeling is in universal favor toward Elizabeth City.

A large two-story dwelling known as the Parsonage, with fine double Piazza, front and back, large out kitchen, stables, carriage house, with 17 acres of ground well enclosed. This ground is all within the corporation of the City, and is well situated to lay out in building lots and make out of it ten fold the price asked for it.

A two-story dwelling containing ten rooms, 10,000 gallon cistern and all necessary out-houses, with large lot. Situated on Main Street. A Vacant Lot no better located and not so large as this was sold recently for $1600 cash.

A large brick store house and wharf situate on Water street; in E. City, comprising three lots with 400 feet of water front, permanently wharfed for the accommodation of large vessels. There is erected on these lots a large two-story brick building, 50 by 80 feet, well fitted up for a wholesale or retail trade, at present occupied by the "Yankee Store."

A large wood store on west side of Water street 36 by 60, two stories high, being one of the best stands on Water street for merchandizing.

A House and Lot on Riverside Avenue. House 20ft front by 50 ft deep. Containing eight rooms with Pantry and Cellar, all well finished, modern style, and having all necessary out buildings. The lot contains a front of 400 ft, and would be a good location for a large shop or foundry as one whole side fronts on the water.

Also a large number of Wharf Lots, Mill Lots and Vacant Lots at very low prices, some of which are enumerated below. The Wharf Lots are 200ft deep and will be sold to any size desired along the River. Among them are some most eligible situations for Store Houses, Mills and Manufactories of any kind as there is a fine harbor immediately in front of them, having 30ft of water, sufficient for vessels of any capacity. Along Pennsylvania Avenue are offered some of the finest and choicest lots, for dwellings in town at prices varying according to location. This will be the finest street in town, is 80 feet wide, size of Lot 100ft front by 200ft deep. There are now a number of first class residences being erected on this street. Immediately in the vicinity of these Lots the Company have erected a large Planing Mill, Sash, Blind and Door Factory at a cost of near $20,000 and also their Saw Mill at a cost of near $15,000. That *now* is the proper time to invest in those Lots there can be no doubt, as they will double in value in a very short time. Lots not near so good as these, are now selling in other parts of the City at more than double the price asked for these.

VACANT LOTS.

Lots Nos. 150, 155, 158, 161, 163, 165, 167, 170. 172. 175, 178, 180, 182. 185, 187. 190 193, 195, 198 and 200, situate on Pennsylvania avenue, in the new extension of Elizabeth City, all choice lots, intended for the better class of residences. Size of lots 100 feet front by 200 feet deep. Price varying, according to location, from $100 to $1000.

TOWN LOTS.

Lots Nos. 250, 253, 255, 256, 258, 261, 263, 266, 267, 268, 271, 283, 285. 287, 288, 289, 291, 296, 299 and 300, situated on various Streets in the new extension of Elizabeth City, size of lots 50 feet front by 100 feet deep, at prices varying from $25 to $100.

MILL LOTS.

Four Mill-Lots situated on Knobb's Creek, so that logs can be taken from the creek to the mill. These lots have 200 feet each of water front, and over 600 feet deep to Mill street, and are choice sites. The purchaser will also have the right of storage for logs in the boom.

PASQUOTANK COUNTY.

The Land and Lumber Company also offer for sale, one thousand acres of their timbered land along the Main Road leading from Elizabeth City to Hertford and Edenton, Said land heavily wooded, soil very rich and about four miles from Elizabeth City. This land will be sold in lots to suit purchasers and at the low price of ten dollars per acre.

They also offer a tract of three thousand acres in Lots to suit purchasers, near the Pasquotank River, ten miles from Elizabeth City and three miles from South Mills. This land is heavily set with wood and also has upon it a vast amount of saw timber, and has a most excellent soil. This is a fine location for a small Colony. There is now a Public Road running directly through it. This tract is offered at the low price of eight dollars per acre if sold to one party, or at only a fraction more if divided into small lots.

The Company will also sell their farm of 250 acres two miles from Elizabeth City. 125 acres cleared and under good cultivation, well fenced, having upon it two dwelling houses, one new and the necessary out buildings wanted on a farm, and will be sold on very reasonable terms.

Also another farm one mile from Elizabeth City containing one hundred acres, between thirty and forty acres cleared and under cultivation, the balance is now being cut off and is nearly ready to be cleared up and cultiuated. This property is very desirable being so near the City though for reasons first given will be sold at a very low price.

We have a finely timbered tract of land situated on the Albemarle Sound twenty miles from Elizabeth City, containing 124 acres. Good timber land bordering on the water is valuable both for wood as well as saw timber as water trausportation affords a good margin for wood, say one dollar per cord. This will also make good farm land—will be sold for one thousand dollars.

Also one other tract of land containing 154 acres situated immediately on the Pasquotank River ten miles from Elizabeth City, valuable for wood, and is excellent farming lands, would be sold for six dollars per acre.

GATES COUNTY.

The Land & Lumber Company have a tract of 350 acres of timbered land one half mile from Chowan River and three miles from Winton the county seat of Hertford county. This body of land is well timbered and will be sold at the low price of three dollars per acre.

☞ The most direct and cheapest route is to go to Baltimore by N. C. R. R., then Bay Line steamer to Norfolk, Va., then steamer to Elizabeth City, N. C.

March 9th 1871.

R. R. R.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

CURES THE WORST PAINS

In from One to Twenty Minutes. Not One Hour after reading this advertisement need any one suffer with pain. Radway's Ready Relief is a cure for every pain. It was the first and is

THE ONLY PAIN REMEDY

that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application.

IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES, no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the Rheumatic, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer,

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Will afford instant cure. Inflammation of the Kidneys Inflammation of the Bladder. Inflammation of the Bowels, Congestion of the Lungs, Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing. Palpitation of the Heart. Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria. Catarrh, Influenza. Headache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism. Cold Chills, Ague Chills.

The application of the Ready Relief to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few momen s cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick, Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of Radway's Ready Relief with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE.

Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Tyhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.

HEALTH! BEAUTY!!

Strong and Pure Rich Blood—Increase of Flesh and Weight—Clear Skin and Beautiful Complexion secured to all.

DR. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT

Has made the most astonishing cures; so quick, so rapid are the changes the body undergoes, under the influence of this truly wonderful medicine, that

EVERY DAY AN INCREASE IN FLESH AND WEIGHT IS SEEN AND FELT.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and juices of the system the vigor of life, for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. Scrofula, Syphili, Consumption, Glandular disease, Ulcers in the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumorous discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Eruptions, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh. Tumors, Cancers in the Womb, and all weakening and painful discharges. Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.

If the patient, daily becoming reduced by the wastes and decomposition that is continually progressing, succeeds in arresting these wastess, and repairs the same with new material made from healthy blood—and this the SARSAPARILLIAN will and does secure—a cure is certain; for when once this remedy commences its work of purification, and succeeds in diminishing the loss of wastes, its repairs will be rapid, and every day the patient will feel himself growing better and stronger, the food digesting better, appetite improving, and flesh and weight increasing.

Not only does the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT excels all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional, and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for KIDNEY & BLADDER COMPLAINTS, Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinuence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threads like silk, or there is a morbid, dark, bilious appearance, and white bone-dust, deposits, and when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of the Back and along the Loins.

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For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these **Bitters** have been most successful. **Such Diseases** are caused by **Vitiated Blood,** which is generally produced by derangement of the **Digestive Organs.**

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